

Sensory Loss After Hamstring Graft Harvest In ACL Reconstruction:

A Prospective Comparative Study Of Anterior

Vs. Posterior Harvest Techniques

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Faculty Disclosure Information

- Vice Chair of Shoulder and Elbow Committee ,SICOT
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- IOA EC member of women's wing WOICE
- IODA Audit and Risk Committee
- NO FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE





Introduction

- Background: Hamstring grafts are commonly used in ACLR.
- Issue: Sensory loss around the anterior leg is a frequent complication, often causing patient distress.
- Focus: This study compares the incidence and severity of sensory loss between anterior and posterior graft harvest techniques.



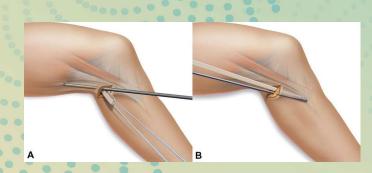


Study Objective

- To evaluate and compare the frequency, distribution, and resolution of sensory loss following:
 - Anterior (anteromedial longitudinal) graft harvest
 - Posterior (popliteal fossa) graft harvest
- Hypothesis: Posterior harvest causes significantly less sensory loss.











Study Design & Methodology

Design: Prospective comparative study

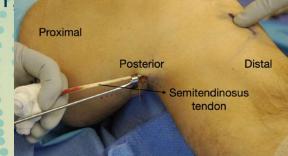
Participants: 60 patients undergoing ACLR

Groups:

Group A (n=30): Anteromedial longitudinal incision (3 cn

Group B (n=30): Small posterior popliteal fossa incision

Follow-up: Sensory mapping and area calculation at 1 and 12 months



Anterior





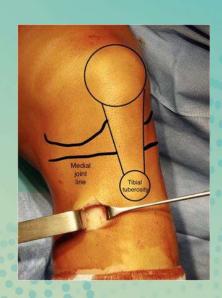
Anatomical Techniques

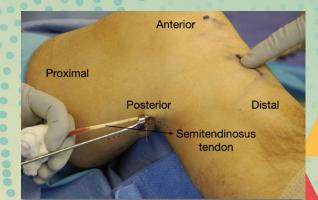
Group A:

- Incision: 3 cm anteromedial over pes anserinus
- Grafts: Gracilis + Semitendinosus

Group B:

- Incision: Small transverse in popliteal fossa
- Grafts: Same, via posterior approach







Results – Group A (Anterior Approach)

- **Incidence of Sensory Loss:**
 - 93.33% at 1 month
 - 42% at 6 & 9 months
 - 13.3% at 12 months
- Area Affected:
 - Avg. 150.97 cm² \rightarrow 63.33 cm² over 6 months
- **Distribution:**
 - 85.7% over anterolateral leg
 - 14.2% near incision
 - None on medial leg





Results - Group B (Posterior Approach)

Incidence of Sensory Loss: 13.3% (4/30 patients)

. Avg. Affected Area: 16 cm²

Resolution: Complete by 6 months

. Notable: Minimal patient-reported discomfort or concern





Summary

Parameter	Group A – Anterior Harvest	Group B – Posterior Harvest
Sample Size	30 patients	30 patients
Incidence at 1 Month	93.33% (28/30)	13.3% (4/30)
Incidence at 6 m	42%	0%
Incidence at 9m	42%	0%
Incidence at 12 m	13.3%	0%
Area of Sensory Loss (1m)	150.97 cm²	16 cm ²
Primary Area Affected	Infrapatellar + Saphenous	Saphenous
Involvement Around Scar	14.2%	None reported









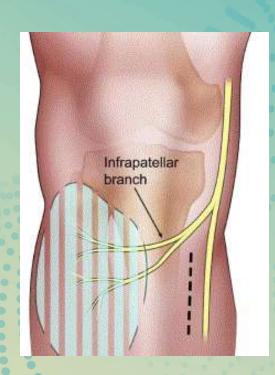
Patterns of Sensory loss



Clinical Interpretation

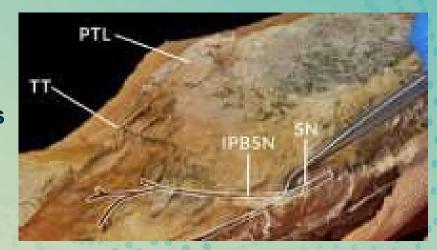
- Anterior harvest has a significantly higher rate and severity of sensory loss.
- Posterior harvest is associated with:
 - Lower incidence
 - Smaller affected area
 - Faster resolution
- Suggests higher incidence of infrapatellar branch of saphenous nerve injury in anterior approach.





Conclusion

- Posterior popliteal harvest is superior in terms of sensory outcomes.
- Strongly consider posterior approach for enhanced patient comfort and satisfaction.
- Recommend further anatomical and longterm outcome studies.





References

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