

COMPARISION OF STRENGTH OF PERONEUS LONGUS HARVESTED ANKLE WITH NORMAL ANKLE

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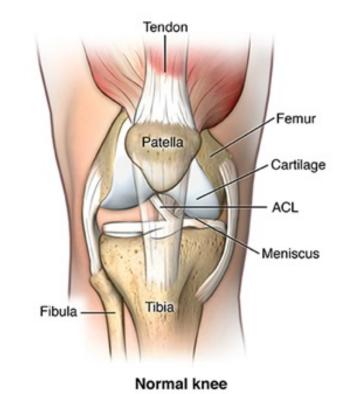


Faculty Disclosure Information

No Disclosures

INTRODUCTION

 Knee ligament injury are most common ligament injuries among young athletic individuals and motorcyclists either as a individual cruciate ligament injury or associated with collateral ligaments





AIM & OBJECTIVES

 Our aim of the study is to compare the strength of peroneus longus harvested ankle with normal ankle using dynamometer and AOFAS score







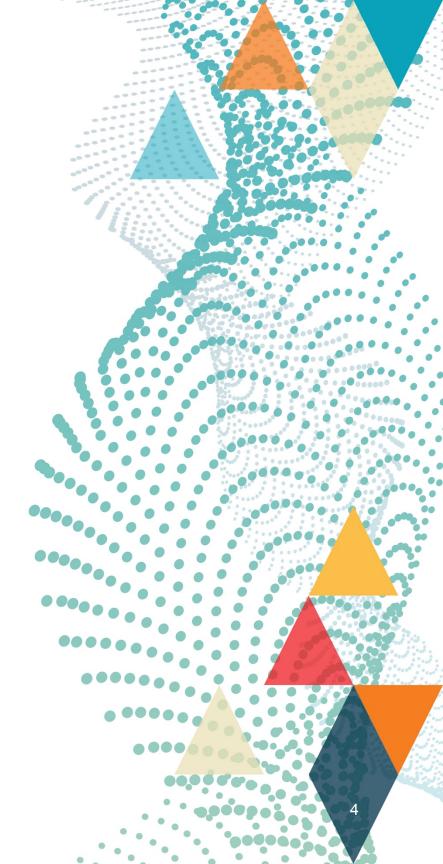
Methods and materials

• Type of study: ANALYTICAL CROSS SECTIONAL STUDY

• Sample size: 30

• Study period: 3 yrs





SELECTION CRITERIA

Inclusion criteria

- Patient with any ligament injury
- Willing for Peroneus graft

Exclusion criteria

Patients who are not fit for Surgery





Study Protocol

Patient will be selected according to inclusion and exclusion criteria

 The selected patients will be explained about the surgical procedure in detail and consent obtained

Strength of peroneus longus is harvested using dynamometer

Values will be recorded and tabulated and evaluated using AOFAS score

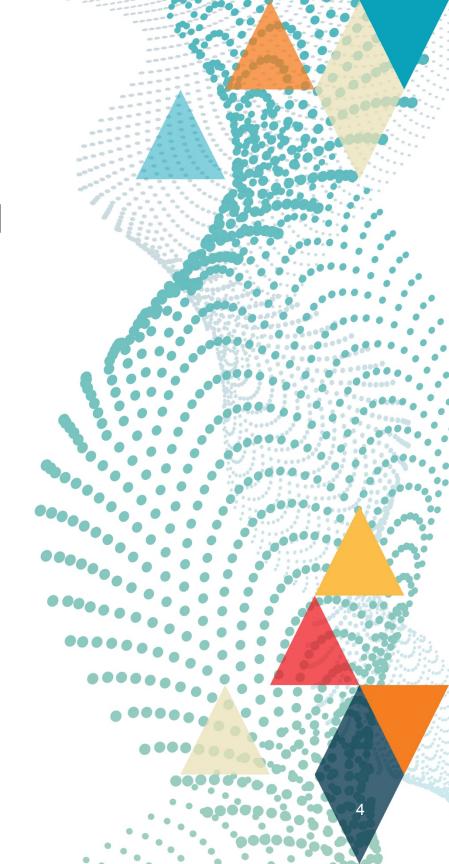


Follow up

Follow up in 1st and 3rd month of post operative period

 In every follow up look for strength of the ankle using dynamometer

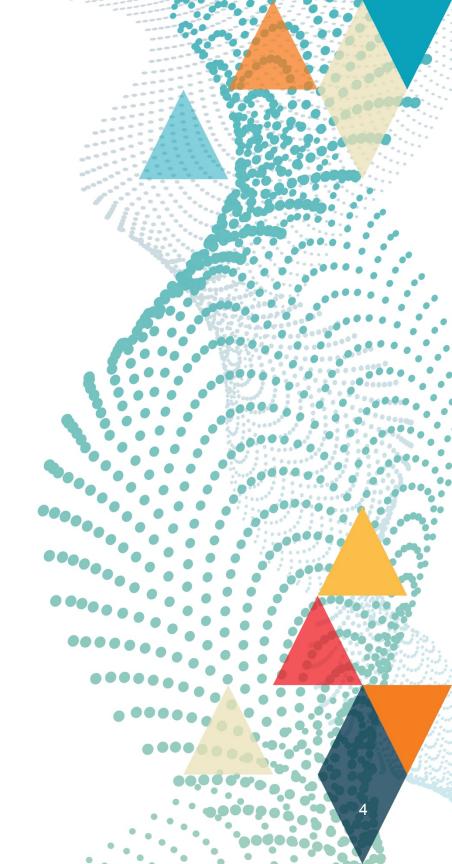
 To assess for functional outcome of the ankle and foot using AOFAS score





RESULTS

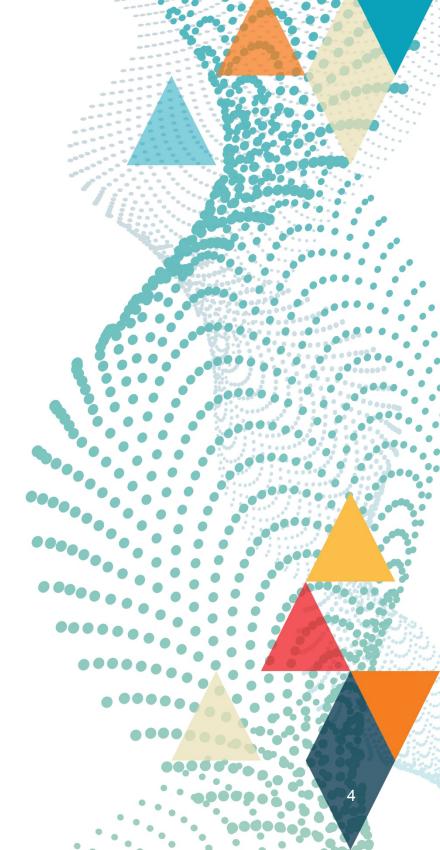
• At 3rd month, plantar flexion (83.20 + 11.75) and eversion (47.73 + 8.26) regained its strength similar to the normal ankle where the values were 86.16 + 16.38 and 50.48+ 7.39 respectively.





CONCLUSION

The peroneus longus tendon harvest had same strength, functional improvement and alignment as that of the normal ankle. It is also necessary to do study with long-term follow up.





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