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# Does Humeral Retrotorsion And Rotational Range Of Motion Change With Experience Of Playing In Professional Volleyball Players?

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# Faculty Disclosure Information

- Nothing to disclosure



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# PURPOSE / OBJECTIVES

Overhead athletes demonstrate adaptive changes in rotation motion of glenohumeral joint. This motion shift depend on adaptive changes in the soft tissue, but also on the degree of humeral retrotorsion. The aim of this study was to determine how retrotorsion affects the range of rotation motion and how these parameters change with the duration of volleyball training.



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# MATERIAL & METHODS

It was a prospective cross-sectional study. Authors have examined 99 professional male players, aged 13-41, who have been practicing volleyball for at least 2 years and not less than 5 times a week. The mean age of the subjects was 19.67, and the standard deviation  $SD = 6.9$  years. The mean value of volleyball playing experience was 8.4 years, and standard deviation  $SD = 6.2$  years. Humeral retrotorsion (HR) was measured using diagnostic ultrasound and Rippstein plurimeter, while the range of external rotation (ER) and internal rotation (IR) was measured by plurimeter. One-way analysis of variance for dependent variables was used to compare the mean of the tested parameters for left and right side. Univariate linear regression models was used to assess the dependence of the studied variables on the degree of humeral retrotorsion and playing experience. Student's t-test was used for comparing regression coefficients in linear regression models



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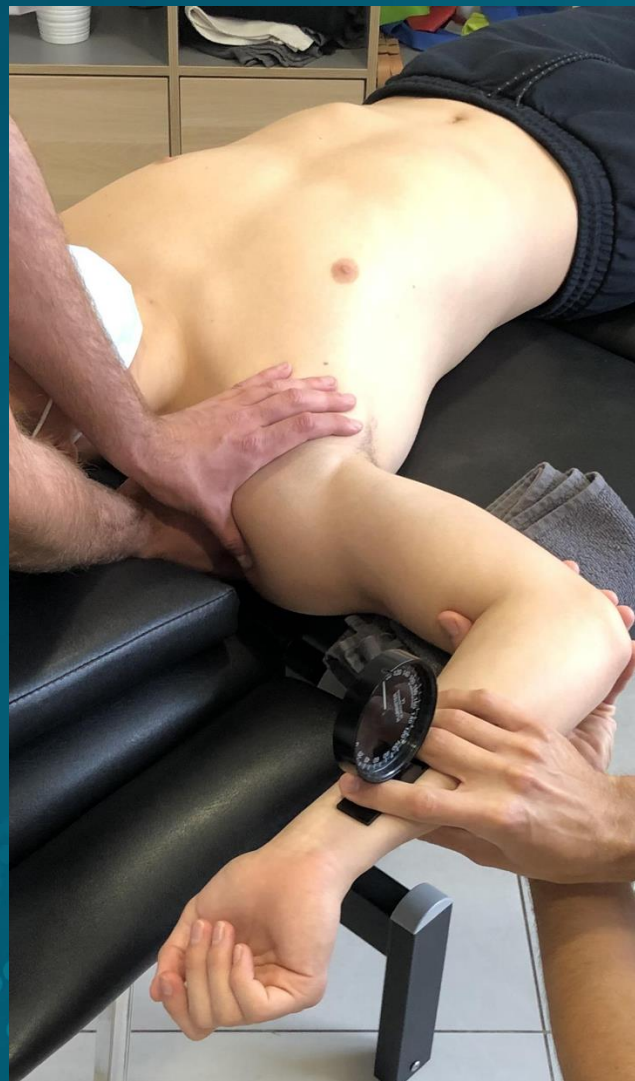
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# Measurements



Humeral retrotorsion



Rotation in back lying



Rotation in side lying



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# RESULTS

Dependence of the parameters of the range of motion on the length of playing experience

Dependence of the humeral head retrotorsion on the length of playing experience

paramet er	side	B <sub>0</sub>	SE B <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	SE B <sub>1</sub>	P value (B <sub>1</sub> )	P value of the equality
HH (playing experien ce)	ndom	40,470	2,201	- 0,644	0,211	0,003	0,481
	dom	31,447	2,098	- 0,630	0,201	0,002	

paramet er	side	B <sub>0</sub>	SE B <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	SE B <sub>1</sub>	P value (B <sub>1</sub> )	P value of the equali ty
BL IR	ndom	68,876	1,942	- 0,032	0,186	0,863	
	dom	60,527	1,996	- 0,089	0,191	0,642	
BL RE	ndom	136,652	2,200	- 1,276	0,211	< 0,0005	0,116
	dom	144,632	2,215	- 1,635	0,212	< 0,0005	
TROM BL	ndom	205,510	2,986	- 1,307	0,286	< 0,0005	0,166
	dom	205,119	2,953	- 1,721	0,283	< 0,0005	
SL IR	ndom	42,573	2,446	0,964	0,234	< 0,0005	0,486
	dom	33,726	2,520	0,976	0,241	< 0,0005	
SL RE	ndom	130,009	2,500	- 1,161	0,239	< 0,0005	0,322
	dom	134,918	2,526	- 1,318	0,242	< 0,0005	
TROM SL	ndom	172,861	2,809	- 0,219	0,269	0,418	
	dom	168,705	2,910	- 0,361	0,279	0,198	



# RESULTS

- Humeral retrotorsion depends on the length of playing ( $p < 0,05$ ). It enhances with the increase of playing experience in dominant and nondominant side
- Except IR measured in supine and TROM measure in side lying, all other parameters of the range of motion proved to be correlate with the experience of playing ( $p < 0,05$ ). On both sides, ER and TROM measured supine decreases with the length of playing, whilst measured in side lying, ER decreases and IR increases.



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# SUMMARY / CONCLUSION

- In professional volleyball players, the degree of retrotorsion is significantly greater on the dominant side and enhances with the increase of playing experience
- On the dominant side, there is a significantly increased ER range and decreased IR range and TROM.
- ER range and TROM measured supine decreases with the length of playing
- In side lying ER range decreases and IR range increases with the length of playing



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