

# Learning Curves in 204 Robotic-Assisted Total Knee Replacements: Comparing Senior, Intermediate, and Senior-Junior Surgical Teams



Hector Zamorano<sup>1</sup>, Roberto Yañez<sup>1</sup>, Sebastian Valdes<sup>2</sup>, Gaston Caracciolo<sup>1</sup>, Cristobal Yañez<sup>1,3</sup>, Sebastian Yañez<sup>1</sup>, Leonardo Carabajal<sup>1</sup>, Lars Strömback<sup>1</sup>, Magaly Iñiguez<sup>1</sup>

1. Clínica MEDS, Santiago, Chile

2. Universidad de Los Andes, Santiago, Chile

3. Hospital San Borja Arriaran, Santiago, Chile



# Faculty Disclosure Information

- Nothing to disclosure with this presentation.



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# Introduction

- Total knee arthroplasty (TKA) is a common procedure in orthopedic surgery.
- Advancements in TKA include the development of robot-assisted systems (rTKA).
- Training in rTKA involves a learning curve to achieve competence comparable to manual TKA (mTKA).
- The positive effect of supervision by a senior surgeon on a less experienced surgeon is well known.
- However, it is unknown whether a senior surgeon experienced in mTKA improves the learning curve when assisting a younger surgeon in rTKA.



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## Objective

- To evaluate learning curves among senior, intermediate, and senior+junior surgical teams performing robot-assisted total knee arthroplasty (rTKA) with the ROSA<sup>®</sup> system (Zimmer Biomet), considering surgical ischemia times and complication rates (overall and during the first 25 rTKAs).

### Surgeon experience:

- Senior: 25 years of experience in mTKA
- Intermediate: 15 years of experience in mTKA
- Junior: 5 years of experience in mTKA



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## Methods

- A total of 204 patients indicated for TKA were prospectively enrolled between 2021 and 2024.
- All patients underwent robot-assisted TKA (rTKA) using the ROSA<sup>®</sup> system (Zimmer Biomet).
- Ischemia time was recorded, defined from just before the incision to after cementation.
- Stability was assessed by adjusting slopes to minimize cumulative error.
- Ischemia time and complication rates were compared among the senior, intermediate, and senior+junior surgical teams.
- The first 25 rTKAs for each group were compared in terms of ischemia time and cumulative error difference, using ANOVA and multiple comparisons ( $\alpha = 5\%$ ).



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# Results

	rTKAs performed	Ischemia time
SENIOR Team	25	105 [95%IC: 95.0–107.6]
INTERMEDIATE Team	29	98 [95%IC: 91.1–104.6]
SENIOR+JUNIOR Team	159	65 [95%IC: 62.1–67.9]



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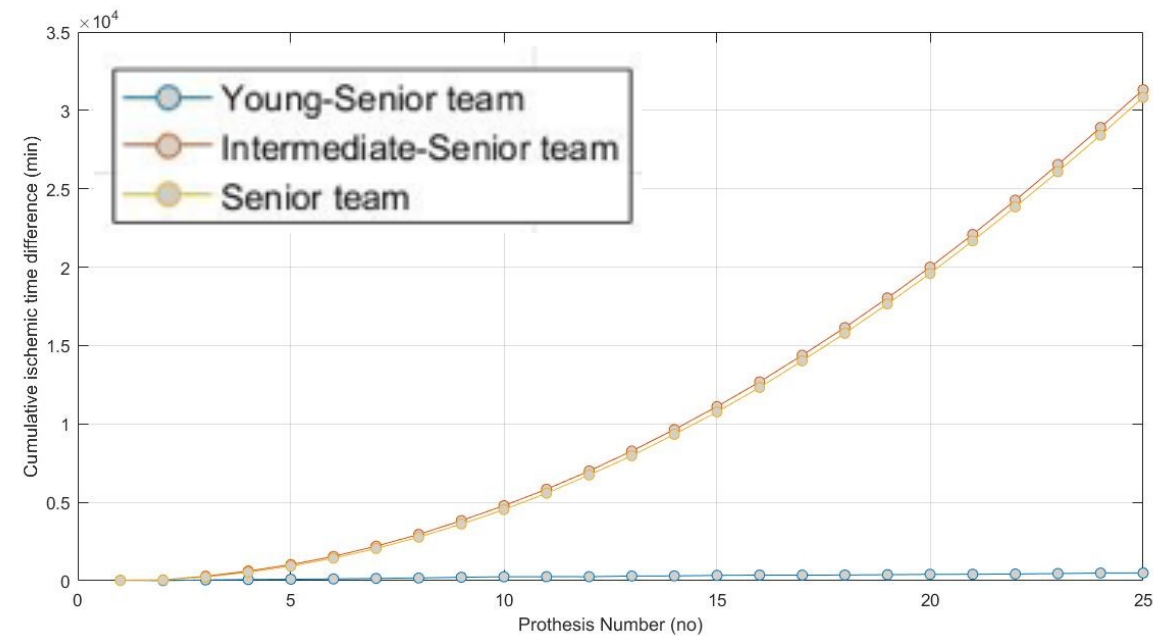
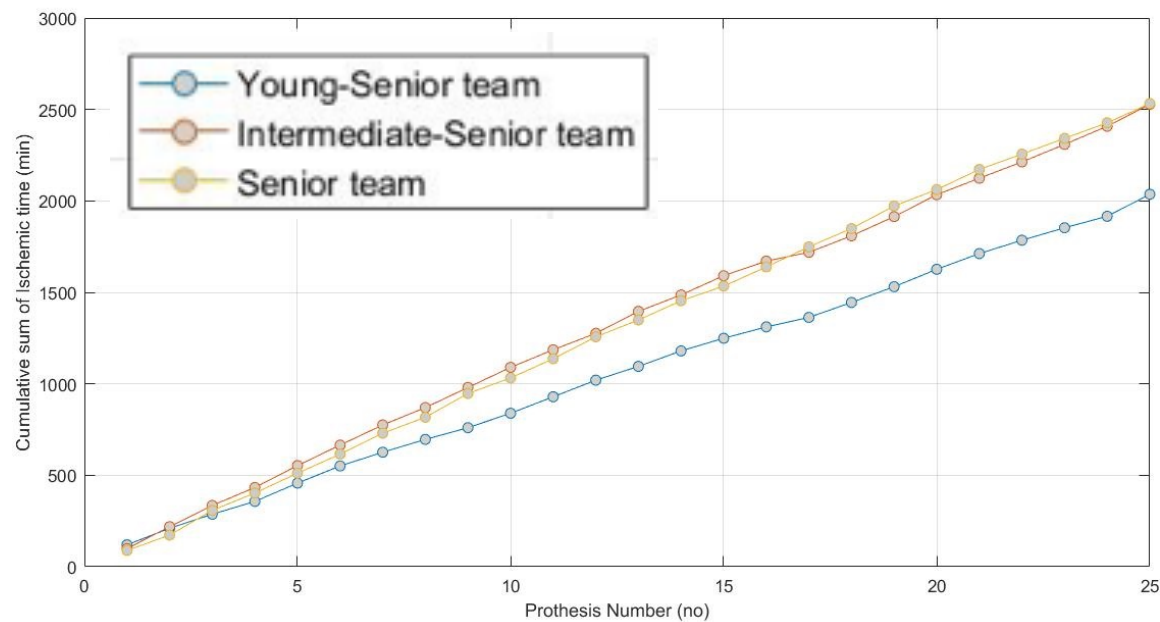
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# Ischemia time

- First 25 rTKAs:



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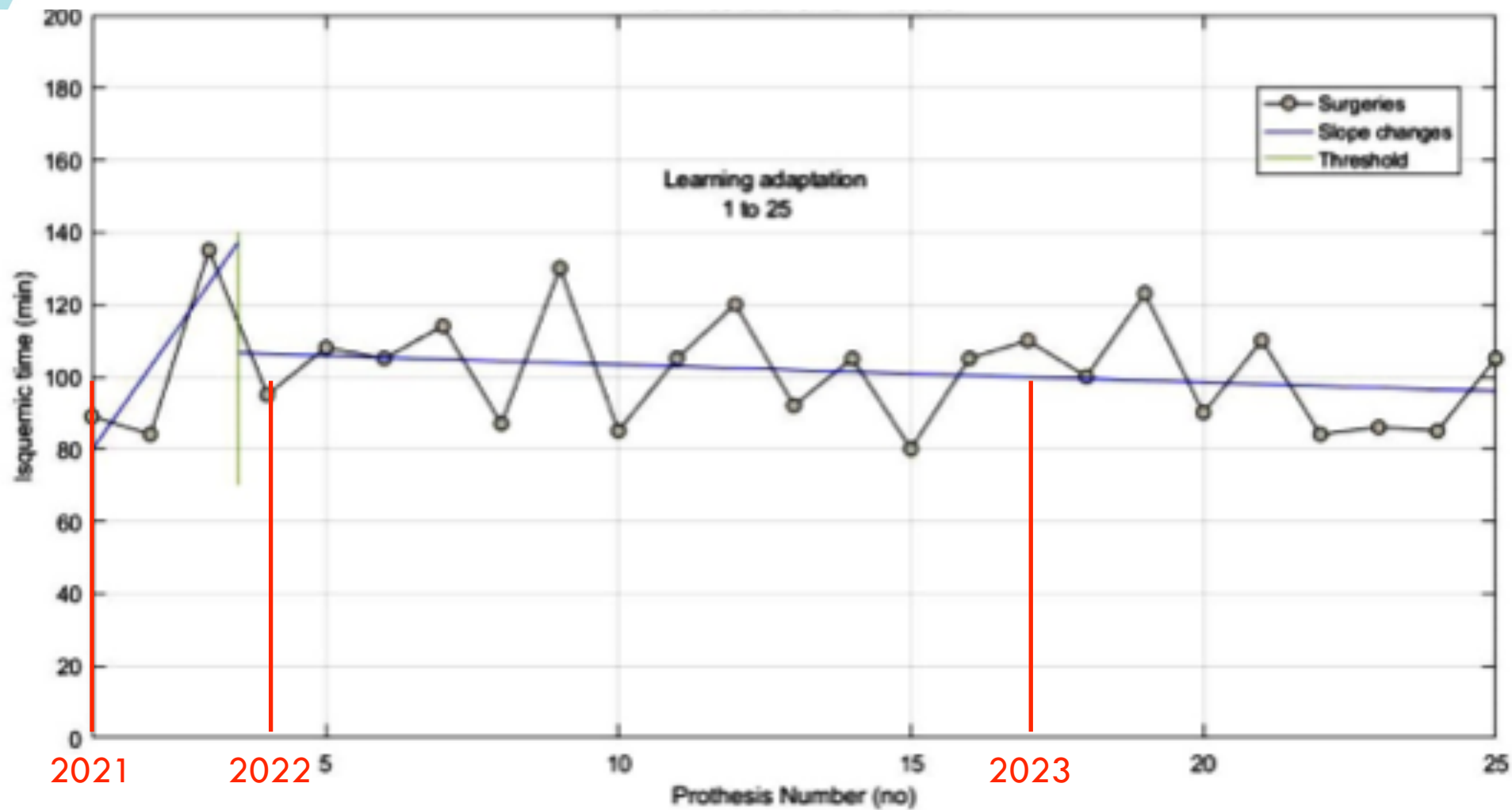
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- SENIOR Team:



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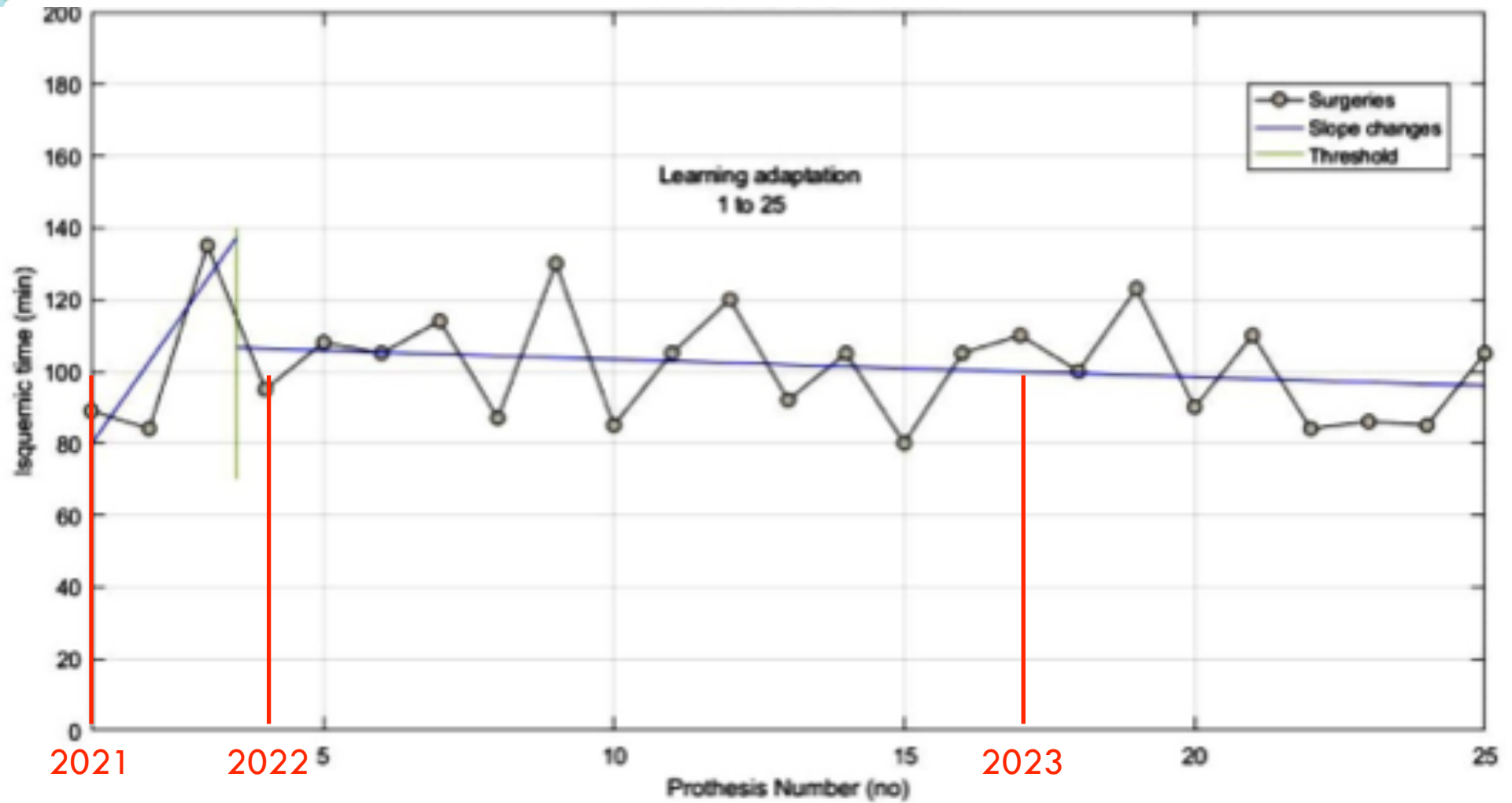
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- INTERMEDIATE Team:



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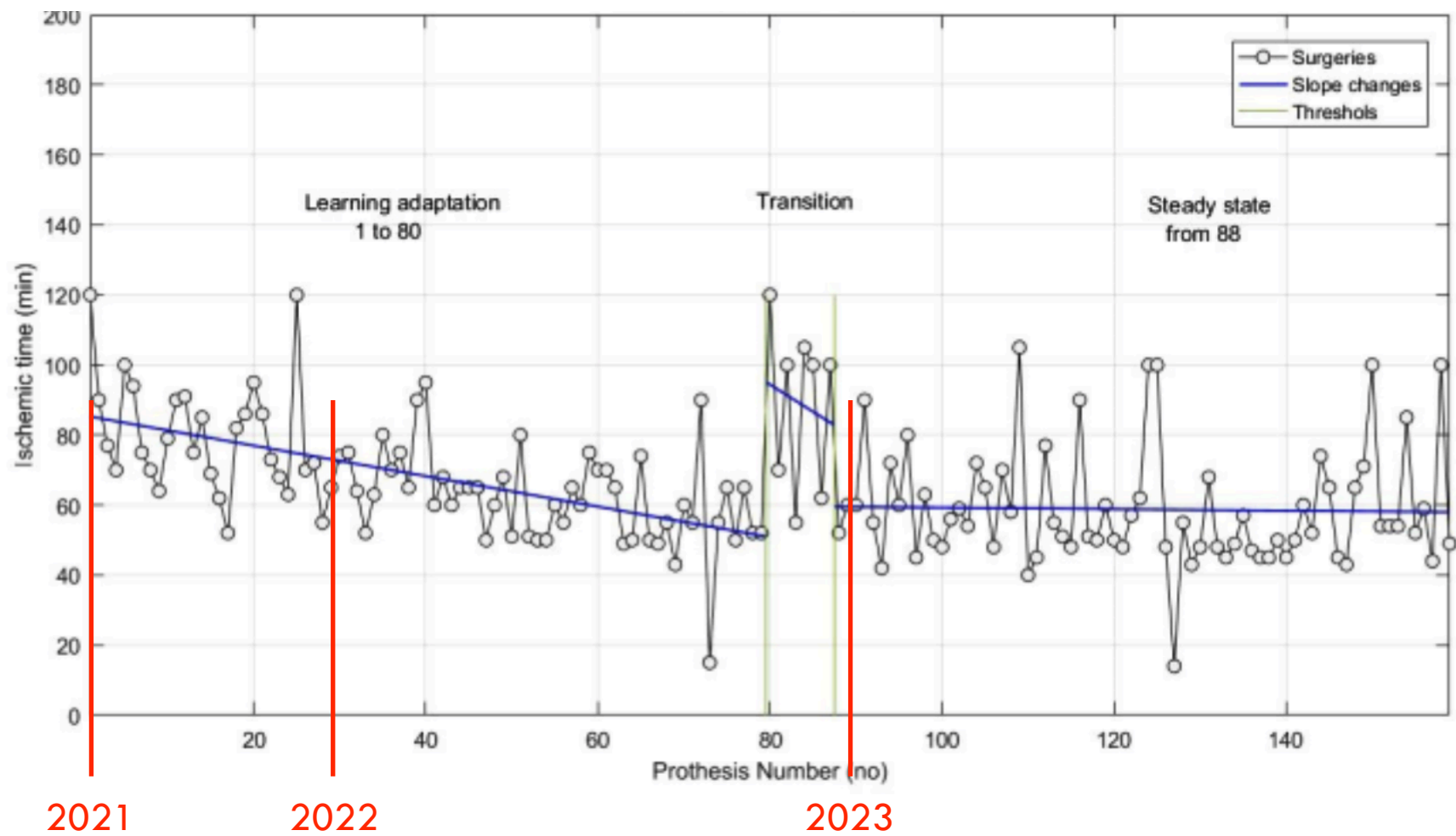


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- SENIOR+JUNIOR Team:



2021

2022

2023



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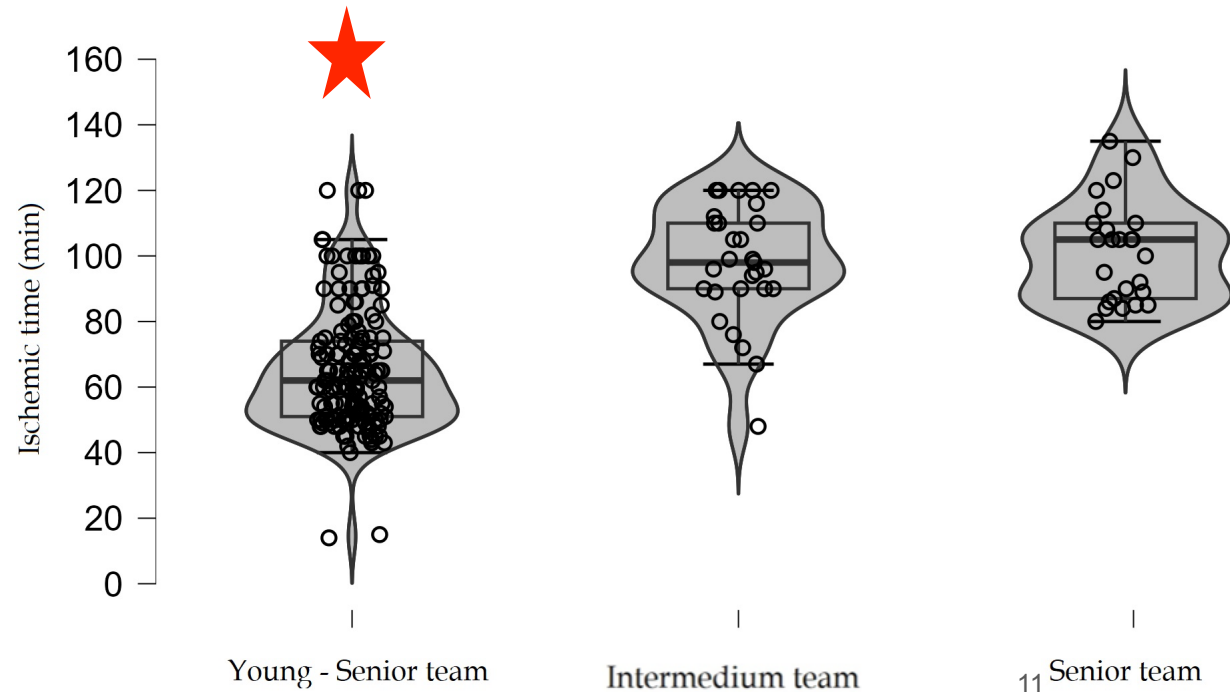


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- Only the senior+junior team achieved a stable slope (rTKA = 88).
- In the first 25 rTKAs, the senior+junior team had significantly lower ischemia times and cumulative error differences compared to the intermediate team ( $p < 0.001$ , Cohen's  $d = 1.2$ ) and the senior team ( $p < 0.001$ , Cohen's  $d = 1.2$ ).
- Complication rates showed no significant differences.





# Conclusions & Discussion

- A benefit was observed in the collaboration between senior and junior surgeons.
- A low complication rate was observed when incorporating robotic assistance into TKA across all groups.
- Other studies have shown that the learning curve in rTKA depends on the surgeon's prior experience in mTKA, with better results observed as experience increases.
- It is interesting to note the symbiotic effect between an experienced mTKA surgeon and a “younger” surgeon when utilizing new technological support (robotic assistance).
- This is consistent with other studies that show no increased complications with the use of rTKA.



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