A Prospective Cohort Study Investigating the Safety and Efficacy of Tibial Tubercle Osteotomy Using a Novel Multi-Directional Tibial Tubercle Transfer (MD3TTM) System

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Disclosures

Dr. Sherman's disclosures can be found at the AAOS Disclosure site: https://disclosuresearch.aaos.org/search?_ga=2.104669317.42261289.17424 22389-1435715100.1728420275.

The remaining authors have nothing to disclose.



Background

- Tibial tubercle osteotomy (TTO) is a valuable tool for addressing pathological compressive forces, malalignment, chondral defects, arthritis, and instability in the patellofemoral joint.
- Yields consistent clinical outcomes.
- Demanding procedure with a steep learning curve.
- Novel advances in surgery provides the opportunity to improve precision, modularity, reproducibility, and efficiency, while decreasing complication rates.



Objective

• **Purpose:** To evaluate the early safety and efficacy of TTOs performed with the novel $MD3T^{TM}$ surgical system.

• **Hypothesis:** Use of this novel system will result in safe and effective single and multiplane alignment correction in this challenging patient population.



Methods

- Duration: October 2019 to August 2022.
- 42 TTO procedures performed using MD3TTM system.
- Electronic medical records were reviewed for:
 - Demographic data
 - Osteotomy type
 - Intra-operative findings
 - Concomitant procedures
 - Complications

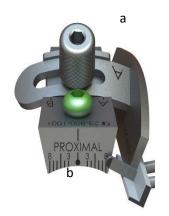




Figure 1 The MD3TTM System including the a) adjustable saw guides, b) transfer indicator, and c) small, thin, non-tapered osteotomes³



Methods

<2 years follow-up excluded.

 Collected patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs) were analyzed using Wilcoxon Signed-Rank and Mann-Whitney tests, respectively. **Figure 2** (Below, from left to right) MD3T[™] System primary guide placement, 2nd (medial) cut setup with outrigger, and primary wedge⁴.







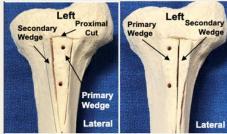


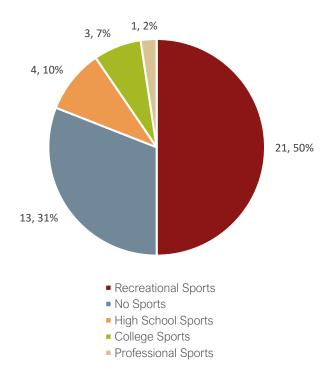
Figure 3 (Above) primary and secondary wedges freed and transposed4.



Results

Category	Data
Number of Knees (Patients)	42 knees in 39 patients
Average Age at Surgery	29 years (Range: 16 - 69 years)
Follow-Up Time	Minimum: 2 years, Mean: 39 months
Failed Prior Surgery	32 patients (76%)

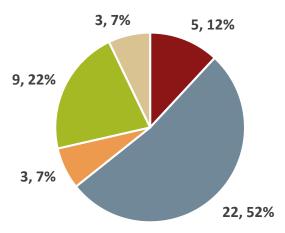
Level of Activity Prior to Surgery





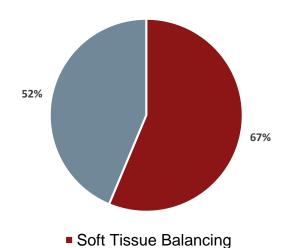
Results

TTO Surgeries



- Anteriorization
- Anteromedialization (AMZ)
- Medialization + Distalization
- AMZ + Distalization

Concomitant Procedures



Cartilage Restoration



Results

- Statistically significant (p < 0.05) improvements in:
 - → Knee SANE
 - → KOOS Symptom
 - → KOOS Sport and Recreation
 - → KOOS QOL

Overall (n=42)	
N	%
1	2%
5	12%
1	2%
0	0%
0	0%
0	0%
0	0%
0	0%
0	0%
6	14%
36	86%
5	12%
1	2%
	N 1 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 36 5



Conclusion

- Using a novel system demonstrated subjective and objective patient improvement.
- Excellent safety profile with a low incidence of complication at minimum two-year follow-up.
- *MD3TTM* offers the advantages of independent correction in osteotomy plane, providing enhanced modularity, precision, and reproducibility compared to traditional techniques.



Limitations

- Single center
- Single surgeon



References

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Thank you [©]

Questions?

