

How Can Augmented Care Experience (ACE) Improve ACLR Patient's Participation To Web-Based Questionnaires

Mouarbes D., Thomas P., Reina N., Cavaignac E.

CHU Toulouse - France

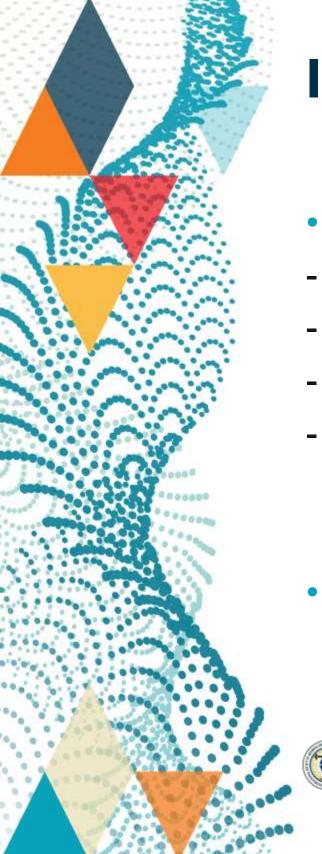
CH Perpignan - France



Faculty Disclosure Information

• We declare that we have no conflicts of interest in the authorship or publication of this contribution.

• EC: Consultant Arthrex



Introduction

- PROM (1):
- Improve care being offered
- Compare treatments /strategies
- Monitor the status of our patients
- Enhance strategic decision making



Digital surveys are commonly used to collect PROMs (2)

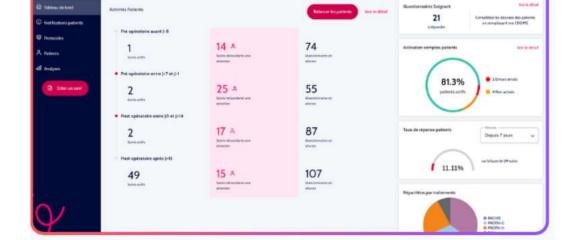




Introduction

 In our institution, we used a web-based platform (Orthense®) for our patient's follow-up after ACLR from 2019





- Problematic (3-4):
- Biased sample due to low response rate
- Missing data
- Only 16.5% to 44% participation reported in various studies





Introduction

• In 2021, we added an Augmented Care Experience (ACE) process for patients undergoing an ACLR by delivering free to patient's home before procedure a cryotherapy knee brace (CKB) in an automated process via a Orthense®.

Augmented Care Experience (ACE)

- Automated management, digital, complete episode of care
- Constant monitoring
- Provision of materials



45 SEC CONSULTATION (no reminders) Email Last name, First name

DOB Protocol Date

Hypothesies:

ACE improve participation to follow-up questionnaires using a Web-based platform (Orthense ®)



Material and Method

101 patients scheduled for ACLR were divided in two groups:

Control group (n = 50):

Orthense® account + paper prescription of a cold knee brace (CKB) for post-operative cryotherapy

ACE group (n = 51):

Orthense® account + delivery in automated and digital process through their account a CKB directly to patient's home without any additional charge

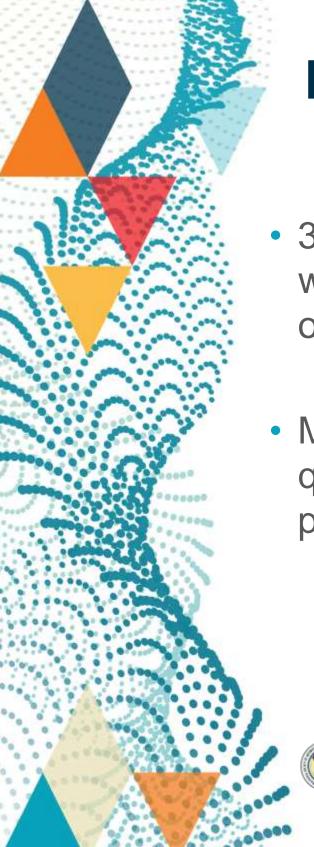




Delivered free to patient's home before procedure

Responses on total questionnaires, age, sex,
 level of education, and satisfaction from the surgery
 at D+45 were collected





Results

ISAKOS

 31.7% female and 68.3% male with an average age of 29 years old participated

Mean response rate to 11
 questionnaires was 66.34% in all
 patients.

Patients's demographics and satisfaction.

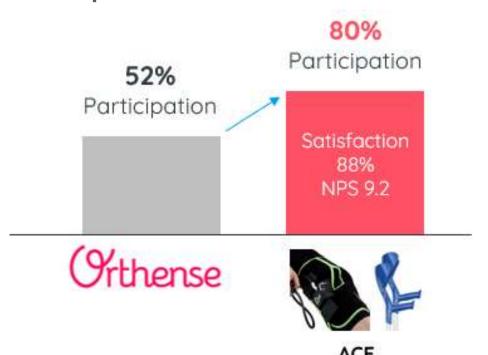
	Control group 50 (49.5)	ACE group 51 (50.5)	p value	Total 101 (100.0)
50.				
Age (years)	50000	111-1110-110		
n/missing	50/0	51/0		101/0
Mean (SD)	27.60 (9.75)	30.35 (11.51)	.198	28.99 (10.71
Gender n(%)			.224	
Female	13 (26.0)	19 (37.3)		32 (31.7)
Male	37 (74.0)	32 (62.7)		69 (68.3)
Education level (%)			.198	
High school	10 (20.8)	7 (15.9)		17 (18.5)
Baccalaureate	15 (31.3)	14 (31.8)		29 (31.5)
Licence	15 (31.3)	8 (18.2)		23 (25.0)
Master	8 (16.7)	15 (34.1)		23 (25.0)
Satisfaction/100-p	oint scale			
n/missing	50/0	44/7		94/7
Mean (SD)	80.50 (14.12)	79.95 (19.84)	.877	80.24 (16.95

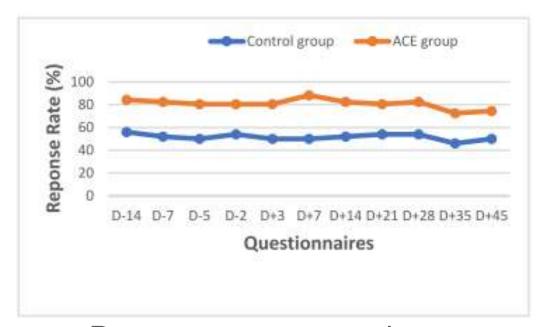
n: number/SD: Standard-Deviation.



Results

 Patients in ACE group responded significantly better with mean response rate of 80.75% vs 51.64% in control group (p < 0.001).





Response rate over time

 Female and older patients were factors associated with higher response rate

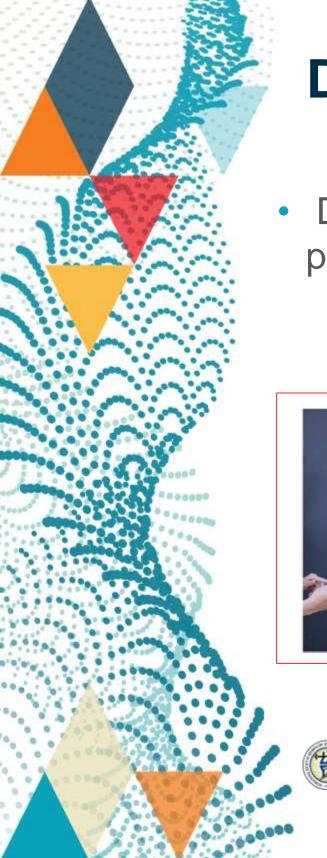




Discussion

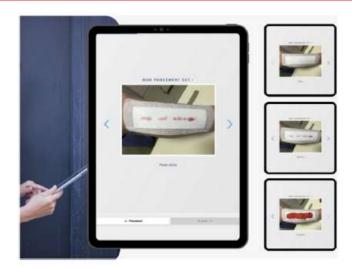
- Comparing to traditional pen-paper surveys, digital surveys allows (5-6-7):
- easier access to large samples
- large volumes of information to be stored
- Faster response
- Better quality of data with less systematic errors and missing values
- Lower costs with no effort into collecting, printing, enveloping and storing paper versions
- More accurate self-reporters for detecting early signs of pulmonary embolism and site infection



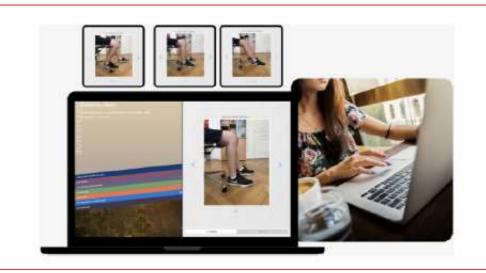


Discussion

• Digital survey via Orthense®: Real-time scoring to track patient progress over time and improve the quality of patient-centered care











Discussion Why ACE

- Home delivery of CKB ensured optimal brace quality without pharmacy visit
- Avoided substitution with non-cryotherapy products by pharmacists.
- Fostered patient recognition and strengthened connection with medical team.
- Enabled dynamic interaction, boosting trust and confidence.
- Enhanced engagement and participation in the digital platform of questionnaires

WHY?

Automated and SIMPLE

INTERACTION WITH
SURGEON not only passive

Materials

- Guaranteed that prescribed product will be available
- Guaranteed that product will be on hand when needed

Modern







Conslusion

 ACE showed to be an effective strategy to increase patient's participation to a Web-based follow-up platform.

• The digital platform is acceptable and feasible to be successfully integrated as a part of standard care in ACLR patients, to track their progress over time and allow for real-time feedback to surgeon.

• It allows the patient to feel involved in his recovery, which is an integral part of an ACLR follow-up.





References

- 1-Howard JS, Toonstra JL, Meade AR, Whale Conley CE, Mattacola CG. Feasibility of conducting a web-based survey of patient reported outcomes and rehabilitation progress. 2055207616644844 Digit Health 2016;2. PMID:29942553
- 2-Higgins J, Semple J, Murnaghan L, Sharpe S, Theodoropoulos J. Mobile web-based follow-up for postoperative ACL reconstruction A single-center experience. 2325967117745278 Orthop J Sports Med 2017;5(12). PMID:29318171.
- 3-Rolfson O, Salomonsson R, Dahlberg LE, Garellick G. Internet-based follow-up questionnaire for measuring patient-reported outcome after total hip replacement surgery-reliability and response rate. Value Health 2011;14(2):316–21. PMID: 21402299.
- 4-Tyser AR, Abtahi AM, McFadden M, Presson AP. Evidence of non-response bias in the Press-Ganey patient satisfaction survey. a BMC Health Serv Res 2016;16:350. PMID:27488567.
- 5-Viveen J, Prkic A, The B, Koenraadt KLM, Eygendaal D. Effect of introducing an online system on the follow-up of elbow arthroplasty. World J Orthoped 2016;7 (12):826–31. PMID:28032036.
- 6-Hoonakker P, Carayon P. Questionnaire survey nonresponse: a comparison of postal mail and internet surveys. Intl. J Human Comp Int 2009;25:348–73. https://doi.org/10.1080/10447310902864951.
- 7-Rosner BI, Gottlieb M, Anderson WN. Accuracy of internet-based patient self-report of post-discharge health care utilization and complications following orthopedic procedures: observational cohort study. J Med Internet Res 2018;20(7):e10405. PMID:30030212.
- 8- Zhang Y. Using the Internet for survey research: a case study. J Am Soc Inf Sci 2000;51:57–68. https://doi.org/10.1002/(SICI)1097-4571(2000)51:13.0.CO;2-W.

