

Outcomes Of Arthroscopic Patella Realignment In Children And Adolescents With A Minimum 2-Year Follow Up

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Disclosure Information

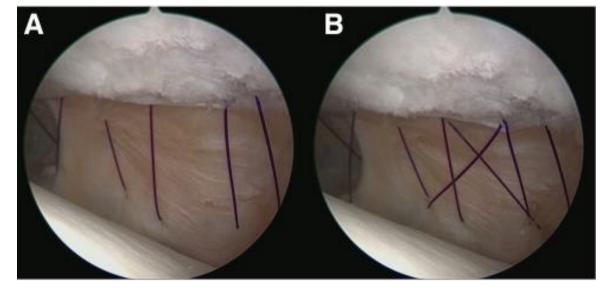
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Background

- Patellofemoral conditions, such as pain and maltracking, have an estimated point prevalence of 28.9% in adolescents. (Smith et al. 2018)
- In cases where non-operative management fails, a diagnostic arthroscopy combined with arthroscopic soft tissue patella realignment technique has been described recently. (Paschos 2024)

Aim of this study:

To analyze the outcomes of arthroscopic intervention for managing refractory patellofemoral conditions in children and adolescents.



(Paschos 2024, PMID:38690340)



Methods

- **Inclusion:** consecutive pediatric and adolescent patients who underwent diagnostic arthroscopy with arthroscopic soft-tissue patella realignment between 2019 and 2022 with at least 2 year follow up
- Primary Outcome: Failure to improve symptoms
- Secondary Outcomes:
 - o PROMs (IKDC, KOOS, Kujala)
 - Return to sport at pre-injury levels (RTS)
 - Complications



Results – Cohort characteristics

27 patients

- 70% female (n=21)
- Average age: 15.69 ±1.82
- Average BMI: 24.55 ±5.27
- Average length of follow up (months):29.39 ± 6.33

- Bilateral symptoms: 48.15%
- Atraumatic onset: 55.56%
- Pre-op duration of symptoms (mo): 24.66 ± 19.7
- Documented subluxations: 25.93%
- o Sports played:
 - Pivoting, contact: 63%
 - Pivoting, non-contact: 26%
 - Non-pivoting, non-contact: 7%
 - No sports: 4%



Results – Outcomes

Successful outcome: 92.6%

2 patients with recurrent symptoms

- Complications: 11.1%
 - 3 patients with arthrofibrosis
- Rate of Return to Sport at Pre-op level: 48%
- Patient Reported Outcomes:
 - IKDC: 91±11
 - KOOS: 91 ± 9
 - Kujala: 91± 12

Conclusion

This study demonstrates that diagnostic arthroscopy and soft-tissue patella realignment can be a safe and effective solution for the management of persistent patellofemoral pain in pediatric and adolescent patients when non-operative management fails.



References

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