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Preoperative Knee Cartilage Condition in the Patellofemoral Joint Results in Worse Clinical Outcome Scores 2 Years After Inverted V-shaped High Tibial Osteotomy

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Disclosure

Presentation Title: Preoperative Knee Cartilage Condition in the Patellofemoral Joint Results in Worse Clinical Outcome Scores 2 Years After Inverted V-shaped High Tibial Osteotomy

Presenter's Name: Dai Sato

We have no conflicts.



Clinical outcomes after iV-HTO

- iV-HTO is a useful surgical option for medial OA of the knee ¹
- iV-HTO has also demonstrated favorable outcomes in patients with medial OA of the knee combined with patella femoral (PF) OA ²
- Influence of preoperative detailed condition of the knee on postoperative outcomes remains unclear



Hypothesis

- Patients with worse preoperative knee cartilage quality on MRI will have worse postoperative outcome survey scores at 2 years follow-up

Purpose

- To investigate how the preoperative anatomic condition of the knee, as assessed by MRI, correlates with postoperative outcomes



Study design

- Patients who underwent iV-HTO for knee osteoarthritis (2015-2022)
 - ✓ Inclusion criteria : Minimum of 2 years follow-up
 - ✓ Exclusion criteria : Knee ligamentous injury, history of revision surgery

- 48 knees (39 patients) were included in the study
 - ✓ Average age: 55.1 years (\pm 9.1 SD)
 - ✓ 15 men, 24 women
 - ✓ The average BMI was 28.0 (\pm 3.7 SD)

- Indication for iVHTO ³
 - ✓ Valgus correction of more than 10 degrees
 - ✓ Valgus correction of less than 10 degree in patients with mild PF OA



Clinical and radiological examination

- Clinical outcomes at preoperatively and 2 years postoperatively
 - ✓ Lysholm score, Knee Osteoarthritis and Injury Outcome Score (KOOS)

- Radiological parameters at preoperatively and 2 years postoperatively
 - ✓ Hip knee angle (HKA), Percent of mechanical axis (%MA),
Femoral-tibial angle (FTA), Medial proximal tibial angle (MPTA)

- Assessment of intra-articular condition of the knee at preoperatively
 - ✓ Whole Organ Magnetic Resonance Imaging Score (WORMS) ^{4,5}



Calculating WORMS and Statistical analysis

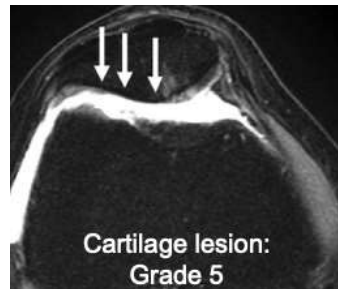
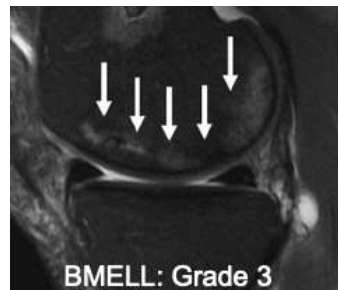
- WORMS summation scores were calculated for each lesion type in each compartment for each exam ^{4, 5}

- ✓ Lesion type (6 sub scale)

Meniscus, Ligament, Cartilage,

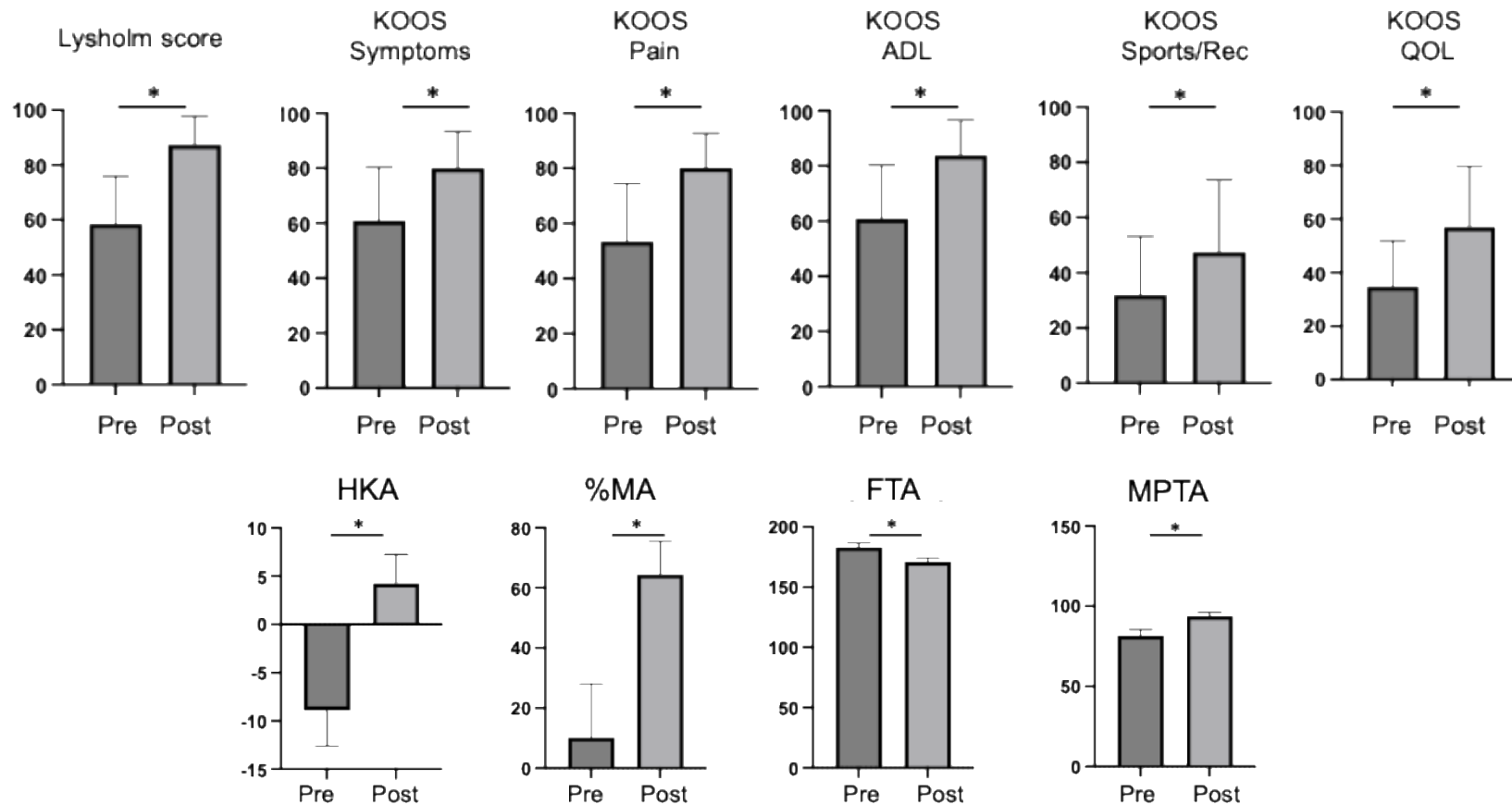
Bone marrow edema like lesions (BMELL),

Subchondral cyst-like lesions, Joint effusion



- An orthopedic surgeon (over 10 years of experience) to calculate the scores
- Statistical analysis
 - ✓ Pearson correlation tests, paired t-tests ($p = 0.05.$)

Clinical and radiological outcomes



Correlations between Pre-op WORMS for each lesion type and Post-op KOOS

	KOOS Symptoms and stiffness		KOOS Pain		KOOS ADL		KOOS sport/rec		KOOS QOL	
	r	p	r	p	r	p	r	p	r	p
WORMS										
Meniscus lesions	-0.042	0.78	0.011	0.94	0.074	0.62	0.049	0.74	0.100	0.51
Ligament	-0.21	0.16	-0.001	0.99	-0.194	0.20	-0.008	0.96	-0.140	0.36
Cartilage defects	-0.35	0.017	-0.113	0.45	-0.183	0.23	-0.191	0.20	-0.093	0.54
BMELL	-0.073	0.63	0.027	0.40	0.027	0.85	-0.215	0.15	-0.066	0.66
Subchondral cyst	-0.050	0.74	0.192	0.20	0.188	0.21	-0.110	0.47	-0.080	0.60
Effusion	0.009	0.95	0.035	0.81	-0.109	0.47	-0.132	0.38	0.025	0.86
Total	-0.291	0.052	-0.033	0.83	-0.10	0.48	-0.199	0.19	-0.086	0.57

There was a significant correlation between cartilage defects and the postoperative KOOS Symptoms and Stiffness

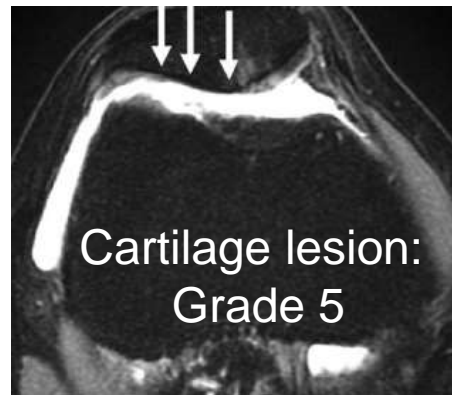
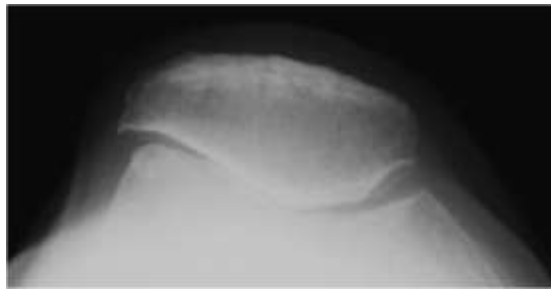
Correlations between Pre-op WOMBS for cartilage in each region and Post-op KOOS

	KOOS Symptoms and Stiffness		KOOS Pain		KOOS Function, daily living		KOOS, sport/rec		KOOS QOL		KOOS Total	
	r	p	r	p	r	p	r	p	r	p	r	p
Cartilage in each region												
Patella	-0.47	0.0010	-0.39	0.0065	-0.28	0.054	-0.33	0.023	-0.29	0.049	-0.40	0.0056
Trochlea	-0.33	0.024	-0.19	0.19	-0.22	0.13	-0.15	0.32	-0.12	0.39	-0.24	0.10
Medial femoral condyle	-0.27	0.070	0.058	0.70	-0.013	0.93	-0.001	0.99	0.030	0.84	-0.047	0.76
Lateral femoral condyle	-0.064	0.67	-0.074	0.62	-0.13	0.39	0.039	0.80	0.025	0.87	-0.068	0.65
Medial tibial condyle	-0.12	0.40	0.039	0.80	-0.079	0.60	-0.21	0.15	-0.026	0.86	-0.11	0.45
Lateral tibial condyle	-0.065	0.67	-0.005	0.97	-0.072	0.64	0.056	0.71	0.024	0.87	-0.020	0.89

There was a significant correlation between PF joint and the postoperative KOOS sub scale

The present study

- MRI assessments, particularly the WORMS cartilage condition, negatively influenced clinical outcomes after iV-HTO
- Specifically, a higher WORMS cartilage score in PF joint negatively influenced clinical outcomes at the 2-year follow-up



Influence of PFOA on clinical outcomes after HTO

- Lateral closed wedge high tibial osteotomy (including iV-HTO) shows mid-term success in varus knee combined with PF joint OA ^{2,6}
 - ✓ It may improve PF joint congruity
- This study suggested that poorer cartilage condition in the PF joint could influence postoperative outcomes following iV-HTO
- Further study needs to determine the influence of PFOA on clinical outcomes after iv-HTO



Conclusion

- This study suggested that poorer cartilage condition in the PF joint could influence postoperative outcomes following iV-HTO



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