

Validation of a six Degrees of Freedom Biomechanical Simulator for the Assessment of Knee Joint Kinematics

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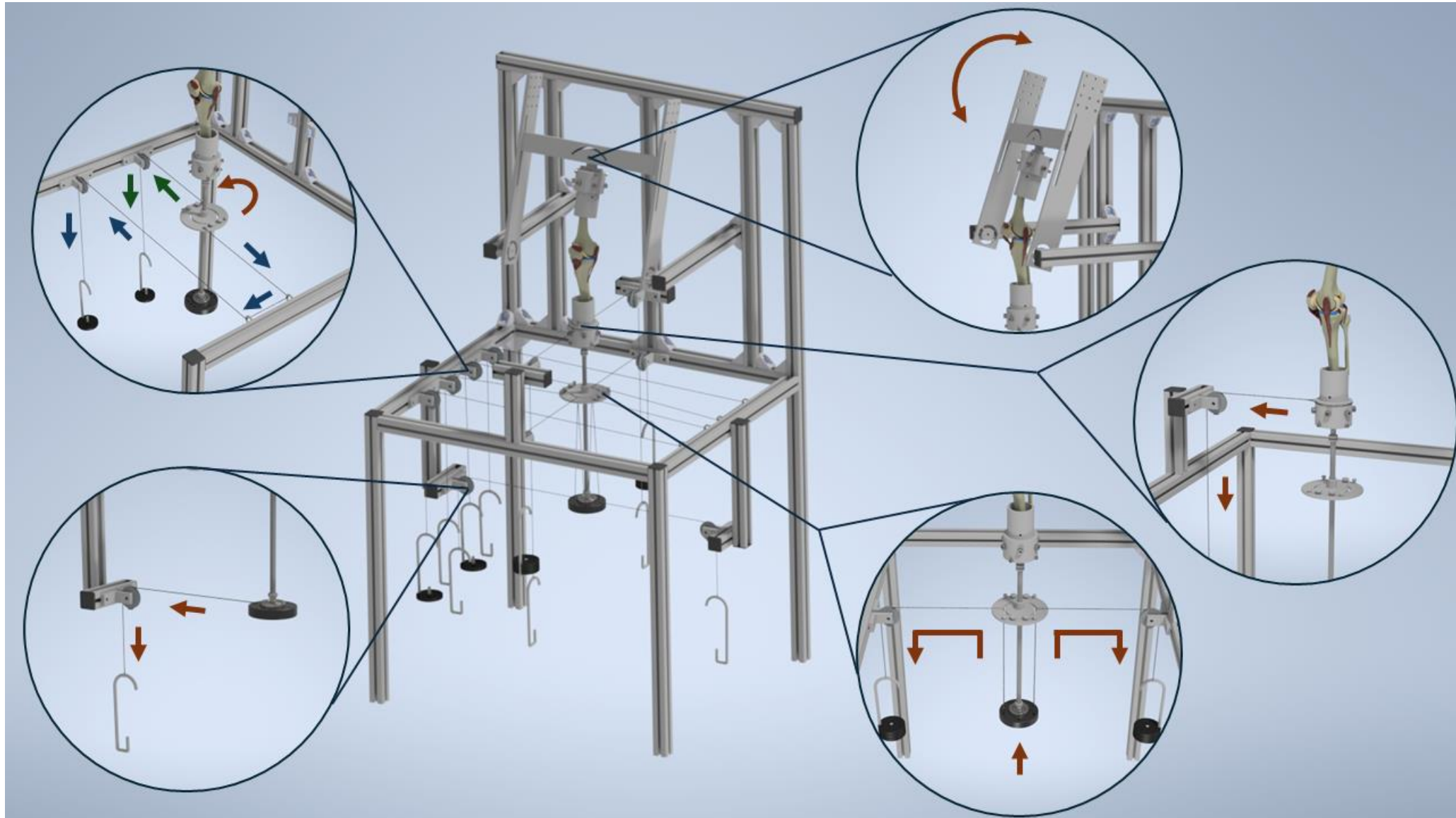


Conflicts of interest

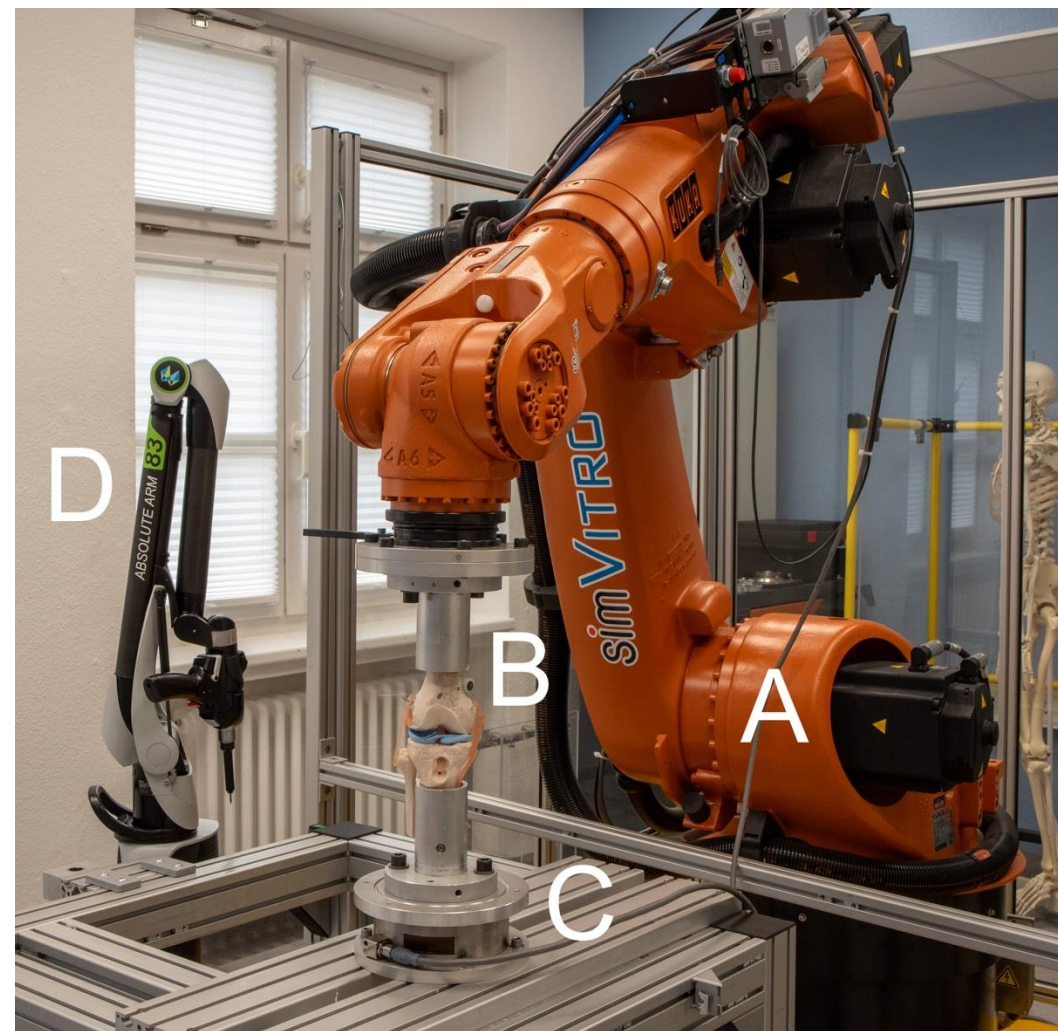
The authors declare no conflict of interest.



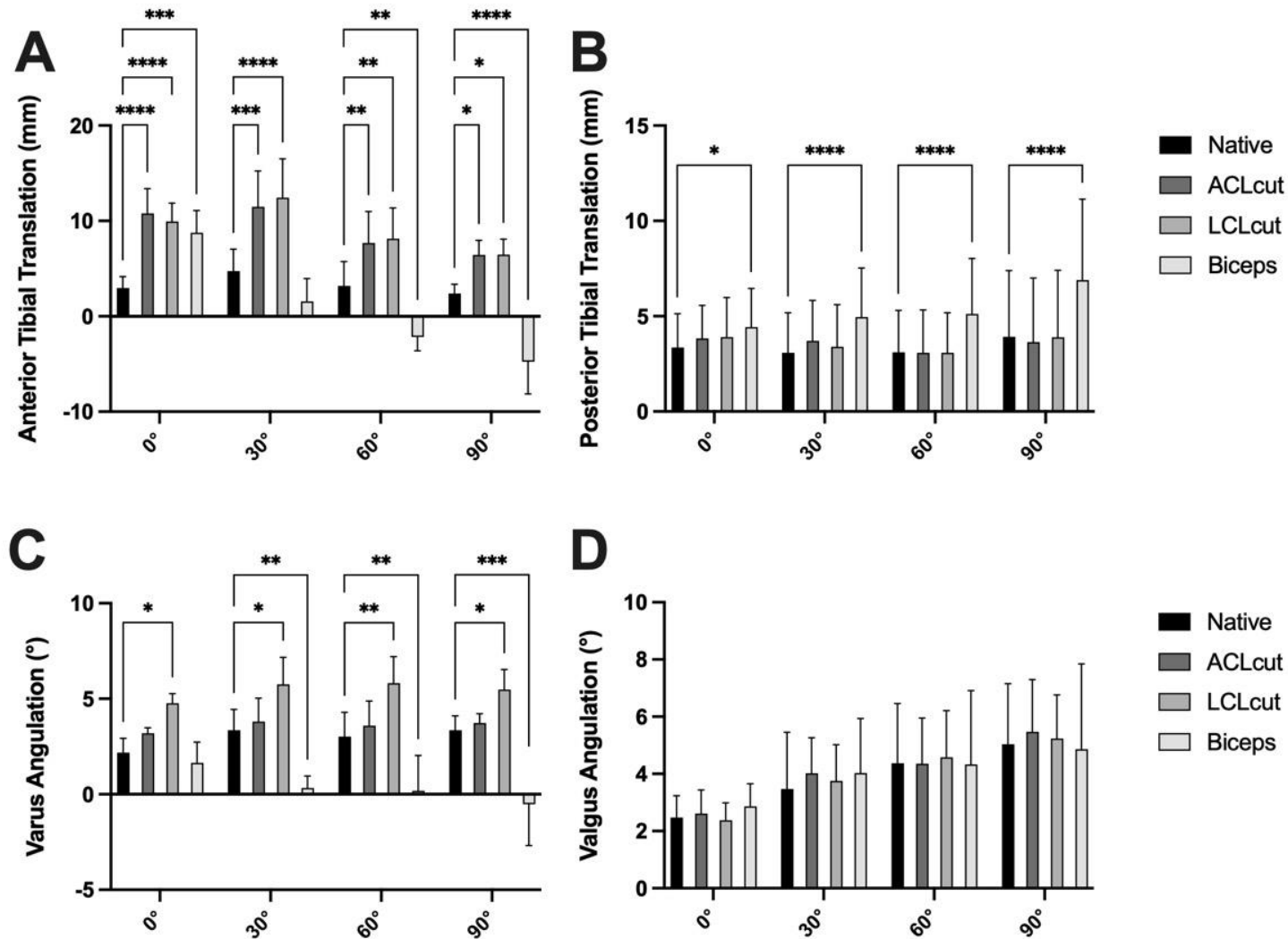
The aim of this study was to validate a novel experimental test setup for assessing human knee joint kinematics.

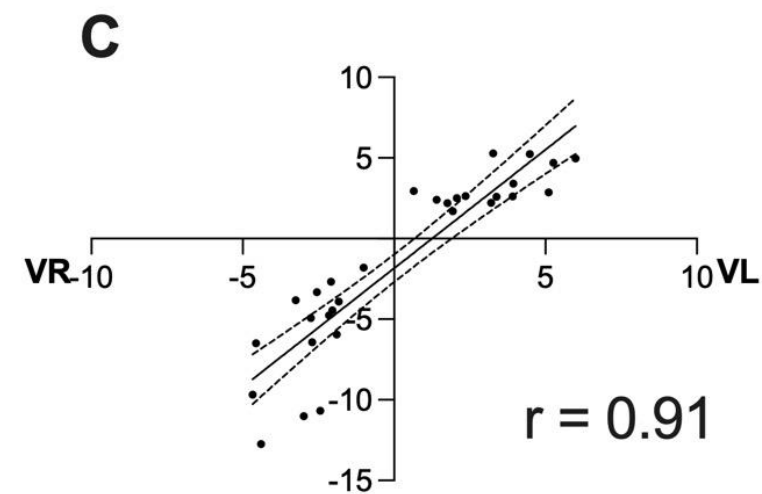
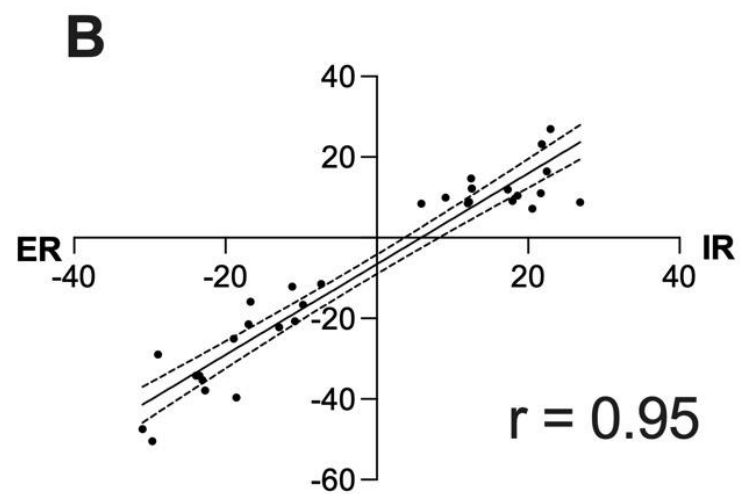
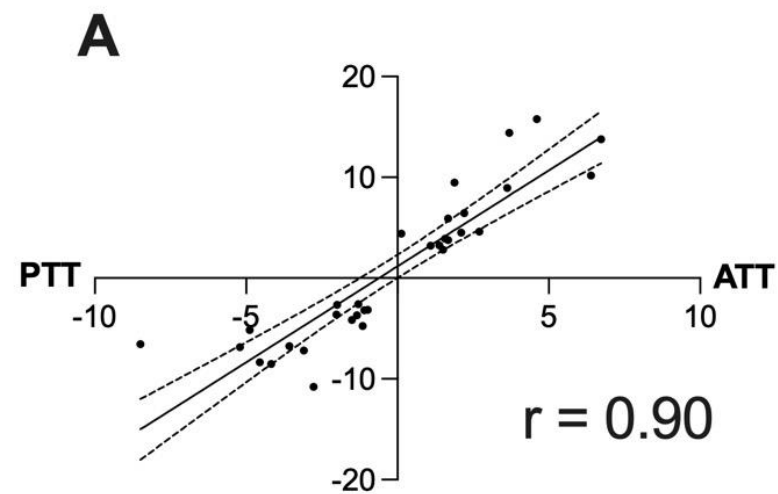


- Each movement was repeated five times in the native state to determine the repeatability (intraclass correlation coefficient (ICC)).
- The anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) and the lateral collateral ligament (LCL) were sequentially severed to assess the system's responsiveness (whether changes in the knee joint condition could be significantly detected).
- For external validation, the native knee kinematics were assessed in a six degrees of freedom robotic test setup (on the right).



ICC for every movement > 0.99





The presented knee joint simulator exhibits excellent repeatability, responsiveness, and strong correlation with the gold standard robotic test setup, making it suitable for use in biomechanical studies of the knee joint.



Thank you!

