

Cross-cultural translation and validation of the Spanish version of the Norwich Patellofemoral Instability (NPI) score

Juan Pablo Martinez-Cano
Alejandro Gallego
Maria Camila Gomez Ayala
Giovani A. Gravini-Amador
Sebastián Mejía
David Portilla



Investigation performed at Fundación Valle del Lili, Cali, Colombia



Faculty Disclosure Information

- Juan Pablo Martinez-Cano:
 - Editorial or Governing board of Arthroscopy, Video Journal of sports medicine
 - Board of Directors member for Sociedad Colombiana de Ortopedia y Traumatología



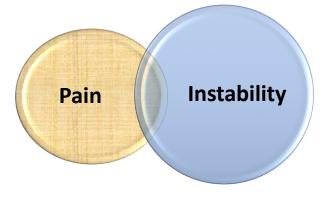


Introduction



- Kujala score has been traditionally used in patellar instability studies
 - Only 1/13 questions related to instability
 - It is a patellofemoral pain score (8/13 pain)
- It is important to have a patellar instability functional score
 - Disease-specific score
 - Norwich Patellofemoral Instability (NPI) score
 - English language







Methods



- Authorization from the original development team of NPI (Toby O Smith) to translate and validate the score
- Approved by IRB
- Translation process
 - Forward translations to Spanish
 - Conciliation
 - Backward translations to English
 - Conciliation
 - Pilot study: 5 patients
 - Final version ready

Elegibility criteria:

9-40 years old Fundación Valle del Lili, Cali, Colombia First-time patellar dislocation July2020-June 2023





Methods

- Norwich Patellofemoral Instability (NPI) score
- 19 items representing scenarios in which the patient may perceive patellofemoral instability
- Each with 6 possible answers: "Always,"
 "Frequently," "Sometimes," "Rarely," "Never," and
 "Does not do"
- Each question has a different value
- Maximum score is 100%
- The higher the score, the higher the instability presented by the patient

		Siempre	Frecuentemente	Algunas veces	Rara vez	Nunca	No lo hace	
1	Girando/cambiando de dirección en el deporte o juego							
2	Cambiando de dirección mientras corre							
3	Corriendo en línea recta sobre superficie irregular							
4	Caminando en superficie resbalosa, húmeda o congelada]
5	Corriendo de lado							
6	Dando pequeños saltos							
7	Dando grandes saltos]
8	Corriendo en línea recta sobre superficie regular							
9	Bajando las escaleras							
10	Haciendo una sentadilla							
11	Arrodillándose]
12	Caminando en línea recta sobre superficie irregular							1
13	Subiendo las escaleras]
14	Subiéndose o pasando por encima de un escalón alto							
15	Cruzando las piernas al sentarse]
16	Caminando en línea recta sobre superficie regular							
17	Subiendo o bajando de un carro							
18	Girando un carrito pesado en el pasillo del supermercado							
19	Girando a mirar por encima de su hombro							
	<u> </u>							





Methods



- Baseline measurements:
 - Spanish NPI score
 - Spanish BPII 2.0 (Banff score) previously validated
 - Spanish Kujala score previously validated
- Test-retest reliability
 - Spanish NPI score
 - 1-2 weeks after the initial test





Results



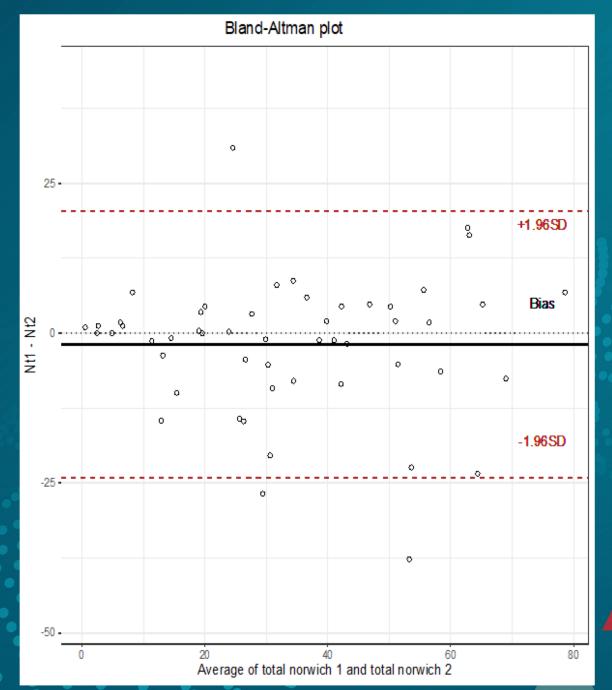
- 58 patients included, 71% females, mean age: 17 years
- Internal consistency was <u>excellent</u>: Cronbach's alpha = 0.93

 Test-retest reliability was <u>excellent</u>: with an ICC of 0.88 (95% CI 0.80-0.92)
- Floor effect (≥15% with minimum value: 0)
 - 0%
- **Ceiling effect** (≥ 15% with maximum value: 100)
 - 10.4%



Results

- Bland-Altman plot
- Shows a random distribution of the measurements, with no systematic error







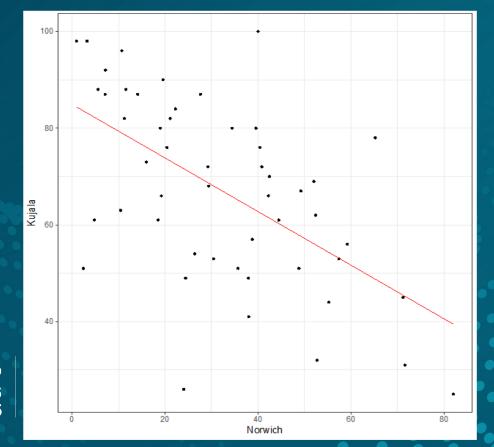


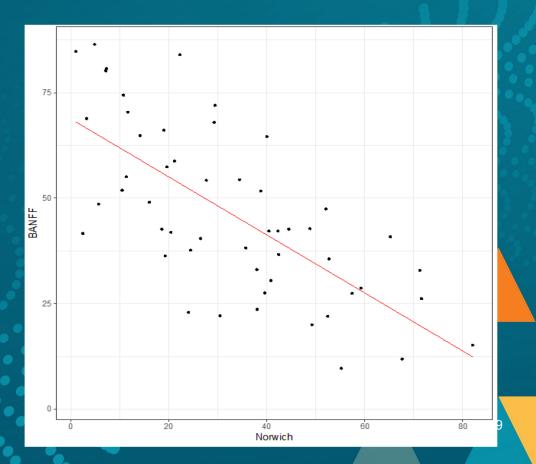




Results

- Correlation with Kujala score:
 moderate negative (r= -0.57, p < 0.0001)
- Correlation with BPII 2.0: <u>high</u> negative (r= -0.70, p < 0.0001)









Conclusions

- The Spanish version of the NPI score demonstrates high internal consistency and test-retest reliability
- It may be used in Spanish-speaking countries to evaluate patient-reported outcome measures related to patellofemoral instability
- Properly translated and validated disease-specific PROMs should be used when evaluating and reporting results for patellar instability patients



References

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