Perioperative Work in Arthroscopic ACL Reconstruction is Undervalued by the RUC

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Disclosures

- The authors Harrell, Hodges, Gordillo, Hargreaves, Rahaman, and Evely have no disclosures to report.
- Eugene Brabston is on the editorial board at EBSCO, is a paid consultant for LINK Orthopaedics, and is a paid consultant for Orthopaedic Design.
- Amit Momaya has a professional relationship with CONMED Corporation and is on the editorial board for Arthroscopy.
- Aaron Casp is a paid consultant for Stryker and is on the editorial board for the American Orthopaedics Society for Sports Medicine.



Background

- The Relative Value Unit (RVU) is a fixed monetary value that is assigned by the Relative Value Update Committee (RUC) for a given procedure and is based on the time it takes to perform the procedure as well as the skill, effort, judgment, and stress placed on the physician.
- Prior studies have shown discrepancies in RUC estimated times and work relative value units (wRVUs) for procedures based on survey data as opposed to directly timing perioperative tasks.
- This study aims to assess the accuracy of the current timing and calculation methods used by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services and RUC for wRVUs in perioperative work related to anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction surgeries (ACLR).
- We anticipate that the RUC may underestimate the amount of time required to perform the perioperative work in ACLRs.



Methods

- The RUC was contacted to obtain a list of perioperative tasks and times associated with arthroscopic ACLR.
- Perioperative tasks were divided into pre-service and post-service tasks.
- Thirty consecutive ACLRs were prospectively timed over 6 months.

Components of preservice and postservice tasks					
Preservice					
	Write pre-admission orders for pre-op medications				
	Imaging and pre-procedure testing review				
	Updating H&P				
	Meet with patient to mark/review consent				
	Positioning				
	Pre-scrub, dress, and wait				
Postservice					
	Application of dressing and knee brace				
	Brace on in OR to PACU				
	Consult with family and patient to discuss post-op				
	regimen				
	Communicate with other healthcare professionals				
	Write prescriptions				
	Dictate and write formal op-note				
	Complete other medical records (discharge summary,				
	insurance, etc.)				





Results

Table I – Times denoted with seconds expressed as a decimal percent of a minute.						
Components of	of preservice and postservice tasks					
Task		Average ± SD				
Preservice		76.2				
	Write pre-admission orders for pre-op medications	6.5 ± 1.4				
	Imaging and pre-procedure testing review	12.8 ± 1.8				
	Updating H&P	5.0 ± 0.8				
	Meet with patient to review plan and mark/review consent	15.5 ± 2.8				
	Positioning	19.2 ± 3.6				
	Pre-scrub, dress, and wait	17.2 ± 2.5				
Postservice		65.2				
	Application of dressing and knee brace	12.9 ± 2.2				
	Brace on in OR to PACU	11.6 ± 2.5				
	Consult with family and patient to discuss post-op regimen	11.9 ± 2.7				
	Communicate with healthcare professionals	10.3 ± 1.8				
	Write prescriptions	4.4 ± 1.1				
	Dictate and write formal op-note	7.1 ± 1.5				
	Complete other medical records (discharge summary,	6.9 ± 1.0				
	insurance, etc.)					
Total average	141.4					
SD, standard deviation; EMR, electronic medical record; OR, operating room;						

PACU, post anesthesia care unit.

Comparison of wRVUs: RUC vs study data									
Task		Intensity	RUC standard		Study Data				
		Coefficient							
			Minutes	wRVUs	Minutes	wRVUs			
Preservice			75		76.2				
Pre	e-evaluation	0.0224	45	1.008	39.8	0.892			
Pre	epositioning	0.0224	15	0.336	19.2	0.430			
	e-scrub, dress and it time	0.0081	15	0.1215	17.2	0.139			
Postservice		0.0224	25	0.560	65.2	1.460			
Total			100	2.026	141.4	2.921			

RUC, Relative Value Scale Update Committee; wRVUs, work relative value units.



Conclusion

- The RUC currently underestimates the perioperative work involved in ACLRs by 41.4 minutes, a 41.4% undervaluation.
- 40.2 minutes of the undervalued perioperative period were derived from the postservice category and represented 0.67 wRVUs.

The RUC should consider using prospective times collected by physicians to calculate a more accurate wRVU. In addition, the RUC should consider how modern patient care practices and requirements have increased the intensity of work for physicians.



References



