



# Anterior tibial subluxation measured with the bone axis method on preoperative MRI may reflect the pivot shift test under anesthesia in ACL injury cases: Multi-center study

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# Faculty Disclosure Information

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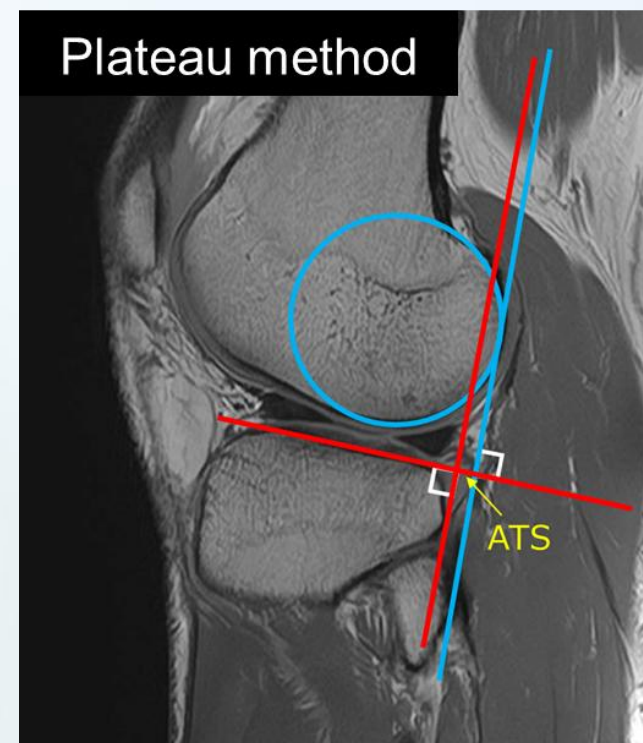


# Pivot Shift test (PS)

- is associated with the incidence of graft failure and persistent rotational laxity.
- under anesthesia can be evaluated only on the day of surgery.
- has been reported to be associated with anterior tibial subluxation (ATS) measured with the plateau method

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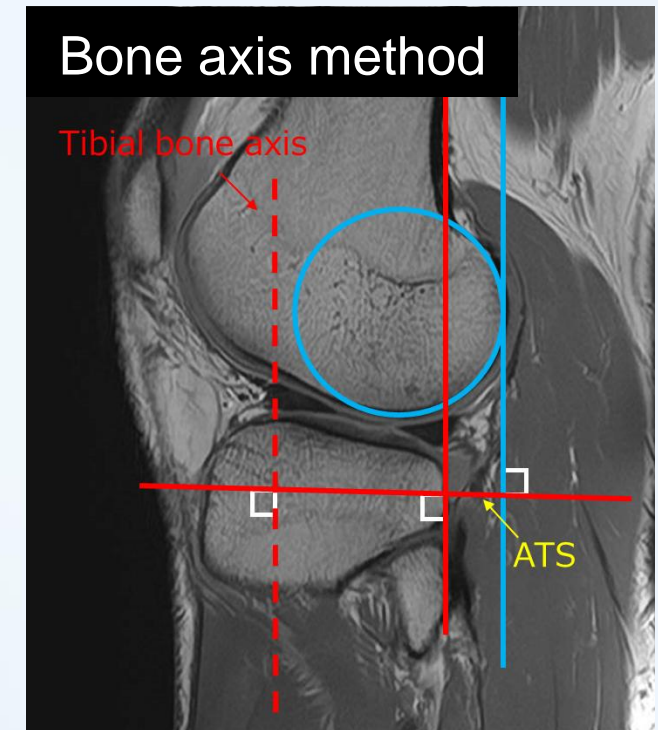
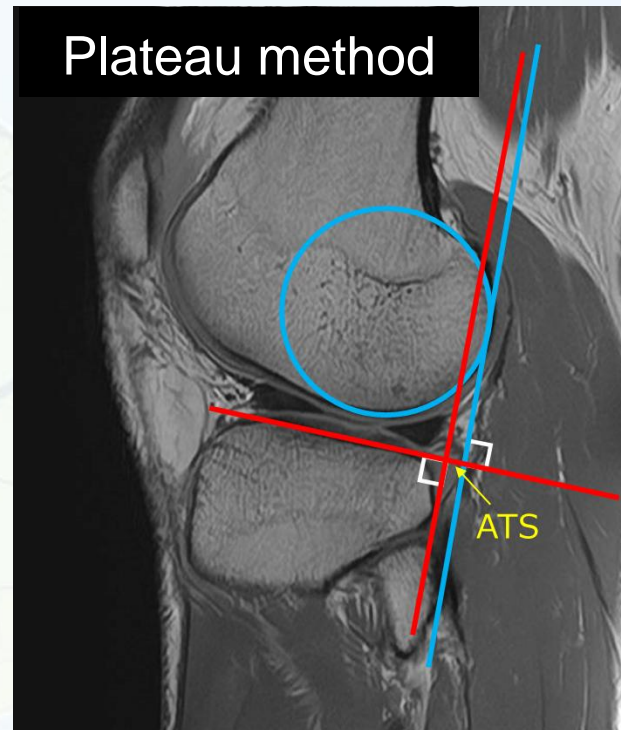


# Anterior tibial subluxation (ATS)

Two types of ATS measurement methods {

- Plateau method
- Bone axis method

A steep posterior tibial slope (PTS) influenced the measurement of ATS and resulted in a reduction in the ATS value measured with the plateau method.



Which ATS method is the best for reflecting the rotational instability?

# Objective

To investigate the relationship between PS under anesthesia and ATS on preoperative MRI measured with the bone axis method and the plateau method.



# Methods: Participants

Oct 2022 – Apr 2024 Multicenter

**156** ACLR Patients

※IKDC grade A and B were classified as low grade,  
IKDC grade C and D as high grade.

14 Excluded

- Revision ACLR (n=8)
- Concomitant PCL or MCL injury (n=6)

**142** patients remaining

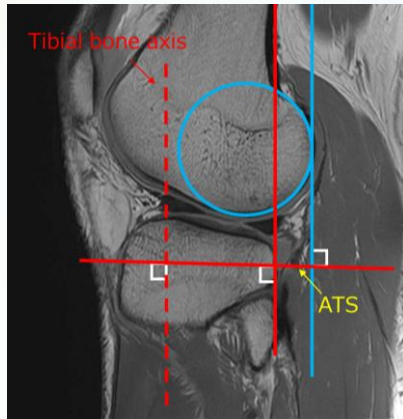
High grade PS under consciousness  
(n=20; All with high grade PS under anesthesia)

Low grade PS under consciousness (n=**122**)

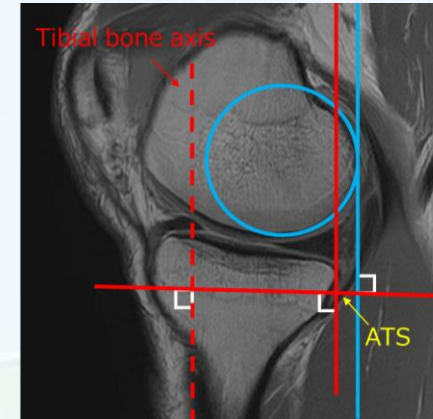
- High grade PS under anesthesia; **the high group (HG)** (n=**34**)
- Low grade PS under anesthesia; **the low group (LG)** (n=**88**)

# Methods: Comparison of ATS

for each measurement method



a) The medial ATS (**M\_ATS**)



b) the lateral ATS (**L\_ATS**)

c) **D\_ATS** (= L\_ATS - M\_ATS)

are **compared between HG and LG.**

(*t* test, Statistical significance was set at  $P < 0.01$ )

**ROC analysis** was performed with HG as a positive.

# Results: Characteristics

	HG (n=34)	LG (n=88)	p Value
Ages (years)	25.1±2.3	29.4±1.4	0.12
<b>Sex</b> (male: female)	27:7	49:39	<b>0.02</b>
BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	24.1±0.7	23.6±0.4	0.52
Duration between injury and surgery (months)	4.9±6.8	12.9±4.3	0.32
<b>Medial meniscus</b> (injury: normal)	15:18	22:65	<b>0.03</b>
Lateral meniscus (injury: normal)	16:17	42:45	0.98
Knee angle on MRI (°)	11.3±1.1	11.7±0.7	0.73

Male and medial meniscus injury were seen in **HG** more than **LG**.



# Results: Comparison of ATS

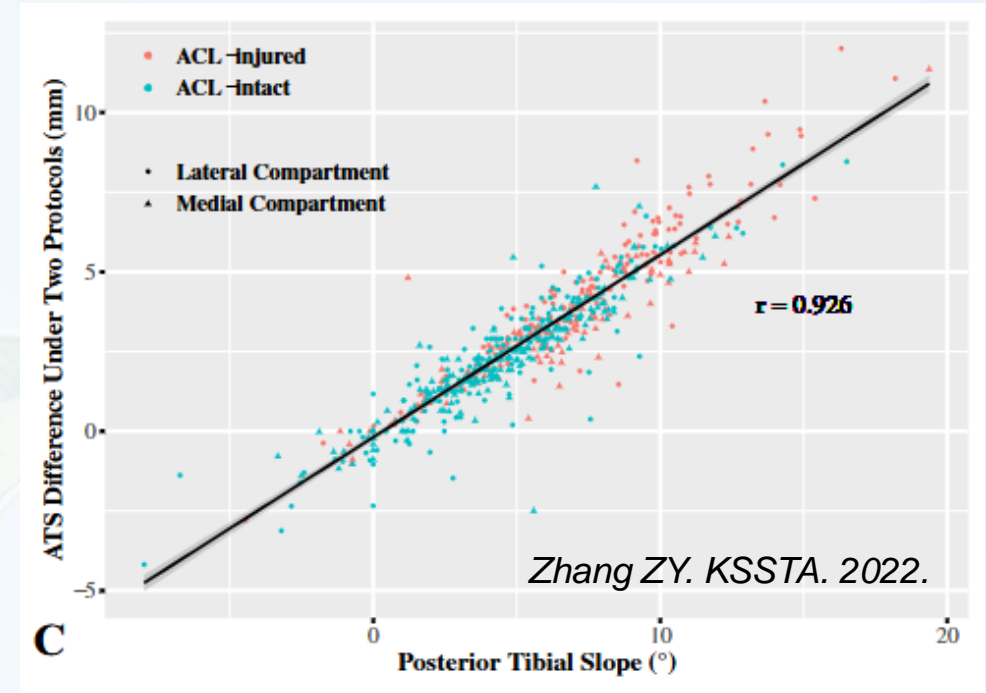
		HG (n=34)	LG (n=88)	P value	ROC-AUC
M_ATS (mm)	Plateau	0.52±0.46	1.46±0.29	0.09	0.57
	Bone axis	2.11±0.54	3.40±0.33	0.04	0.60
L_ATS (mm)	Plateau	3.29±0.67	2.75±0.42	0.50	0.53
	Bone axis	6.41±0.77	5.41±0.48	0.27	0.55
D_ATS (mm)	Plateau	2.77±0.58	1.29±0.36	0.03	0.60
	Bone axis	4.30±0.67	2.01±0.42	<b>0.004</b>	<b>0.65</b>

D\_ATS was greater with the bone axis method in **HG** than in **LG**.  
The ROC-AUC for D\_ATS with the bone axis method was the highest.

# Discussion: Plateau method and bone axis method

A strong positive correlation has been observed between the posterior tibial slope (PTS) and the ATS difference between the plateau method and the bone axis method.

*Zhang ZY. KSSTA. 2022.*



The ATS measured with the plateau method may underestimate rotational instability in those with a steep PTS.

# Discussion: D\_ATS

Rotational tibiofemoral position was determined by calculating D\_ATS. Increased D\_ATS in ACL-injured knees compared with ACL-intact knees showed rotated internally.

*Zhang ZY. Knee. 2021.*

D\_ATS is one of the risk factors of having high grade PS.

*Ni QK. KSSTA. 2022.*

## Present study:

- D\_ATS measured with the bone axis method on preoperative MRI was associated with PS.
- Each ATS (M\_ATS, L\_ATS, D\_ATS) measured with the plateau method was not associated with PS.

# Conclusion

Comparing ATS between **HG** and **LG** groups,

- D\_ATS measured with the bone axis method was significantly greater in **HG** than **LG** group.
- With the plateau method, there was no difference in each ATS (M\_ATS, L\_ATS, D\_ATS).

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