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# Bilateral Inlay Total Shoulder Arthroplasty. Midterm Functional Outcomes

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#### **Disclosures:** RELATED TO THIS STUDY:

Luis A Vargas, MD, PhD: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose Eduardo Salazar, MD: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose Nicolette Schurhoff, BS: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose Matthias Schurhoff, MD: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose John E. Zvijac, MD: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose John W. Uribe, MD: No Financial Conflicts to Disclose



#### Background & Purpose

- US national total shoulder arthroplasty (TSA) volume has been predicted to grow by 235.2% with 350,558 procedures by 2025<sup>1</sup>
- TSA utilization is dominated by reverse (rTSA) and stemmed (sTSA) procedures<sup>2</sup> with an incidence of <u>bilateral TSA of 6.3%<sup>3</sup></u>
- Our experience with primary inlay TSA (iTSA) since 2011 showed a growing patient acceptance
- The purpose of this study was to quantify clinical results in bilateral OA treated with iTSA





### Methods: Patient Selection & Outcomes

- Advanced OA treated with Inlay Total Shoulder Arthroplasty (iTSA)
- Minimum Follow-up of 24 +/-2 months in both shoulders
- Patient Reported Outcomes:
  > ASES, WOOS, VAS-Pain, Satisfaction
- Clinical Outcomes:
  - Range of motion
  - Perioperative transfusions
  - Radiographic assessment





# **Results**: Demographics\*

Description	Total	Group I Prospective	Group II Retrospective
Shoulders, n	50	27	23
Gender, male, n	29	14	16
Gender, female, n	21	13	7

Description	Total	Group I Prospective	Group II Retrospective	<b>Group</b> Comparison
Age, mean, (range), yr	<b>66.2</b> (43-80)	<b>65.6</b> (43-80)	<b>66.9</b> (48-79)	p=0.591649
Follow-up, mean, (range), mo	<b>69</b> (22-134)	<b>79</b> (33-134)	<b>58</b> (22-114)	p=0.00717

\* Demographics calculated based on shoulders





## **Results**: Preoperative Radiographic Assessment

<b>Glenoid</b> (Walch)	<b>Total</b> N=50	<b>Group I</b> N=27	<b>Group II</b> N=23
A1	12/50 (24%)	6/27 (22%)	6/23 (26%)
A2	13/50 (27%)	7/27 (26%)	6/23 (26%)
B1	12/50 (24%)	6/27 (22%)	6/23 (26%)
B2	11/50 (22%)	7/27 (26%)	4/23 (17%)
С	2/50 (4%)	1/27 (4%)	1/23 (4%)
<b>OA Grade</b> (Samilson Prieto)	<b>Total</b> N=50	Group I N=27	<b>Group II</b> N=23
Grade III	46/50 (92%)	25/27 (93%)	21/23 (91%)
Grade II	4/50 (8%)	2/27 (7%)	2/23 (9%)







#### **Results:** Patient Reported Outcomes

 Incidence, bilateral iTSA: 20.2% (n=50) among 247 procedures performed between 8/2011 and 1/2020

PRO (mean)	<b>Total:</b> Last Follow-up	Group I Preop-Last Follow-up	<b>Group II</b> Last Follow-up
ASES	78.8	22.9 - 77.0	81.7
VAS Pain	1.6	7.8 - 1.6	1.7
WOOS	398.5	1436.3 - 394.6	403.2
Satisfaction	8.5	n/a – 8.5	8.5





#### **Results:** Patient Reported Outcomes

- Significant improvement (p≤ 0.05) in PROs in Group I
- Non-significant differences in PROs between Group and I and II at mean follow-up of 69 months
- High overall patient satisfaction at final follow-up (8.5/10)





#### **Results:** Clinical Outcomes

- No blood transfusions, readmissions, or reoperations
- No intra- or postoperative complications
- Range of motion improved from 101° degrees to 154° on forward elevation and 21° to 51° on external rotation in all patients





#### **Results**: Radiographic Outcomes

- Radiolucent lines were observed in 6% (3/50)
- No gross component loosening or taper disengagement





AP radiograph: Preoperative and 2 yr follow-up





#### Conclusion

- Staged bilateral inlay TSA showed high patient satisfaction, significant pain relief and improvement on functional outcomes
- Patient adoption for contralateral iTSA showed a 220% higher incidence compared to national averages
- The patient experience from the initial shoulder arthroplasty is an important factor in the decision-making process for patients with advanced bilateral arthritis





#### References

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