Extracorporeal shock wave therapy in runners with plantar fasciitis



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I have no financial conflicts to disclosure

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Background

Indication of extracorporeal shockwave treatment(ESWT) [By international shock wave institute]

- · chronic tendinopathy
- planter fasciitis
- calcified tendinitis
- · tennis elbow
- · Jumper's knee, etc.

Running is one of the most popular sports worldwide, with many health benefits. Injuries are also common, with running-related injuries reported in up to 79% of runners annually.

Extracorporeal shockwave treatment can be used to treat soft tissue conditions, with the strongest level of evidence for management of plantar fasciitis.



Purpose

To assess the benefit to treat plantar fasciitis with low-dose energy extracorporeal shock wave therapy (ESWT) and the efficacy of such treatment to abate the painful symptoms allowing a rapid return to the running activity.

Subject

	20 patients (20 feet) diagnosed as planter fascilitis
Age	22-79 years old, averaged 49.3
F/M	11 Females, 9 males
Level of Sports	Recreational

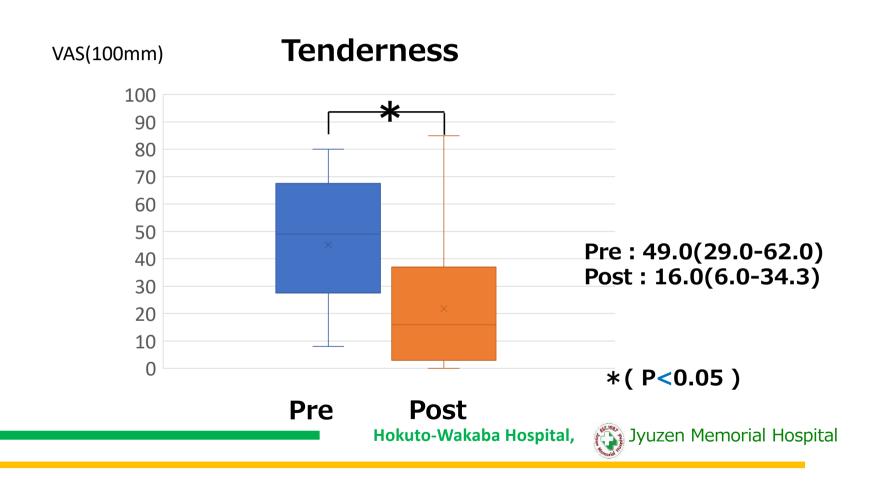
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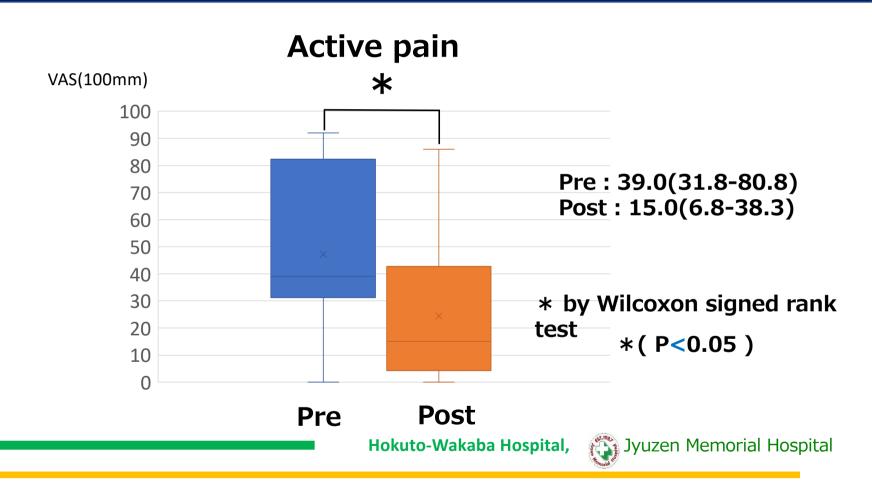
Therapy Methods

Device	Dornier, EposUltra
Energy	0.36mJ/mm ²
Freqency/ total energy	5000 times or 1300mJ
location	Tender points · active pain region
Evaluation	Tenderness · Active pain Visual Analogue Scale(VAS: 100mm)
Statics	Wilcoxon signed-rank test(p<0.05)

Results Tenderness



Results Active pain



Discussion 1

Effec of ESWT to the insertion of tendon

- Nerve
- **2** Effect to tendon
- ① Effect to · Ohtori S, et al.(2001): degeneration and reinnervation of sensory nerve fibres.
 - Wang CJ, et al.(2003): induces the ingrowth of neovascularization and improves blood supply to the tissues.
 - Han SH, et al.(2009): inflammatory cytokine and MMP production would be down-regulated by shock wave stimulation

The immediate effect to nerve with ESWT might improved planter fasciitis in this study



Discussion 2

Effect of ESWT to runner with planter fasciitis

 Moretti B, et al. (2006): Extracorporeal shock wave therapy in runners with a symptomatic heel spur.

Four sessions (once weekly) of low-dose ESWT seems to be a good mean to treat plantar fasciitis in runnes rwith heel spur.

Our study showed single treatment with ESWT could improve the planter fasciitis in runners.



Summery

- 1. Extracorporeal shock wave therapy was performed in runners with plantar fasciitis
- 2. ESWT improved them immediately.
- 3. Single ESWT may be useful in runners with plantar facilitis.

References

- 1. Ohtori S, et al.; Shock wave application to rat skin induces degeneration and reinnervation of sensory nerve fibres Neurosci Lett 315:57-60, 2001
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- 3. Han SH, et al.; Effect of extracorporeal shock wave therapy on cultured tenocytes. Foot Ankle Int 30:93-8, 2009.
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