

**ISAKOS Congress** 2023

## Biomechanical Effect of Unstable Meniscal Injury on Gait in ACL-Deficient and -Reconstructed Knees

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## **COI disclosure**

# The authors have no conflict of interest to disclosure with respect to this presentation.



## Introduction

- ✓ Gait mechanics were reported to be more abnormal in anterior cruciate ligament (ACL)-deficient patients with severe meniscal injury than in isolated ACL-deficient patients without meniscal injury.
- ✓ However, little information has been available on whether gait abnormality would improve after ACL reconstruction or not.

The purpose of the present study was to investigate the gait mechanics pre- and post-ACL reconstruction in ACL-deficient patients with or without meniscal injury.

## **Materials and Methods**

✓ A total of 16 ACL injured subjects (8 females and 8 males, mean age =  $29.2 \pm 8.3$  yrs, mean BMI =  $22.6 \pm 2.2$  kg/m<sup>2</sup>)

Arthroscopic ACL reconstruction using semitendinosus tendon





# Meniscal injury was observed in 9 patients and partial resection was done. (5 medial and 4 lateral meniscus)

The study protocol was approved by the University Ethics Committee.

## **Materials and Methods**

- Gait analysis was done at pre- and post-operative period.
  (> 9 months after surgery)
- Motion analysis system
  8 cameras (120 fps; Oqus, Qualisys)
  2 force plates (600 Hz; AM6110, Bertec)
  46 markers
- Gait speed was self-selected.
- Marker tracking was performed using Qualisys Track Manager Software.





## Evaluations

### **3D** gait parameters were assessed. (Visual 3D ((C-motion Company))

# 3 Groups ✓ isolated ACL injury group ✓ ACL with medial meniscal injury group ✓ ACL with lateral meniscal injury group.

### <statistical analysis>

Biomechanical differences were compared between affected and unaffected sides using twotailed paired t-test at pre- and post-operative period in all groups, separately. A significant difference was defined as a P value < 0.05.

## **Results** (kinetic waveform in stance phase)

### Side-to-side differences of rotation moment before surgery



### **Results** (kinetic waveform in stance phase)



Still abnormal rotation moment was observed in lateral meniscal injury group.

## **Discussion (Literature Review)**



Fuentes A, et al. Gait adaptation in chronic anterior cruciate ligament-deficient patients: Pivot-shift avoidance gait. Clin Biomech (Bristol, Avon). 2011;26(2):181-7.

Harato K, et al. Effect of unstable meniscal injury on threedimensional knee kinematics during gait in anterior cruciate ligament-deficient patients. Knee. 2015;22(5):395-9.

Fig. 5. Representative sagittal and axial knee motions in the ACL + M group (lateral meniscus injury).

Postoperative gait mechanics were unknown in ACL with unstable meniscal injury.

## From the present study



## Abnormal rotation moment was still observed in ACL with lateral meniscal injury group even after surgery.

## Limitation

✓ Sample size was small, as the number of patients with partial meniscal resection was small.



## Summary

- The present study was done to investigate the gait mechanics pre- and post-ACL reconstruction in ACL-deficient patients with or without meniscal injury.
- Pivot shift avoidance was still notably observed especially in ACL with lateral meniscal injury group after the surgery.



