# LATERAL UKA SHOWED A LOWER RISK OF FAILURE COMPARED TO MEDIAL UKA IN THE RIPO REGISTRY

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# **AUTHOR DISCLOSURE**

S.Z.: DePuy and Smith&Nephew consultant

OTHER AUTHORS: Nothing to disclose



# INTRODUCTION

# DOES LATERAL AND MEDIAL UKA HAVE THE SAME SURVIVORSHIP?

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#### **KNEE ARTHROPLASTY**



Lateral unicompartmental knee arthroplasty (UKA) showed a lower risk of failure compared to medial unicompartmental knee arthroplasty in the Register of Prosthetic Orthopedic Implants (RIPO)

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# REGISTRY OF PROSTHETIC ORTHOPEDIC IMPLANTS (RIPO)

4 MILLION PATIENTS FROM EMILIA ROMAGNA (E.R.) SINCE 2000

#### **IMPLANTS DATA:**

- HIP
- KNEE
- SHOULDER



SERVIZIO SANITARIO REGIONALE

EMILIA - ROMAGNA Istituto Ortopedico Rizzoli di Bologna Istituto di Ricovero e Cura a Carattere Scientifico

PRIMARY AND REVISION SURGERIES



# MATERIALS AND METHODS



#### **RIPO DATABASE SEARCH:**

#### **INCLUSION CRITERIA:**

- ALL UKAs BETWEEN 2000 AND 2019
- UKAs PERFORMED OUTSIDE E.R. BUT RESIDENT IN E.R.

#### **EXCLUSION CRITERIA:**

- PATIENTS RESIDENT OUTSIDE E.R.
- SYMMETRIC IMPLANTS

**ENDPOINT: REVISION OF ANY COMPONENT** 

SURVIVAL: UNREVISED UKAs AT THE LAST OBSERVATION (December 2019 or date of death)



# MATERIALS AND METHODS

# 5571 UKAs IN 5172 PATIENTS

- LATERAL 365 (6.4%)
- MEDIAL 5215 (93.6%)

# **MOSTLY CEMENTED CoCr**

Descriptive statistics	LATERAL	MEDIAL	Comparison between groups	
N° of implants (%)	356 (6.4%)	5,215 (93.6%)		
N° of patients	343	4,829		
Side operated right (%) left (%)	244 (68.5%) 112 (31.5%)	2,698 (51.7%) 2,517 (48.3%)	Signif. Fisher test p<0.001	
Gender female (%) male (%)	256 (71.9%) 100 (28.1%)	3,389 (65.0%) 1,826 (35.0%)	Signif. Fisher test p<0.01	
Mean age (standard deviation) (range)	65.5 (SD 10,5) (24-90)	67.0 (SD 8,7) (28-92)	Signif. T-test p<0.01	
Weight* average (standard dev.) % > 80 kg	74.6 (11.5) 24.3%	77.3 (13.0) 34.3%	Signif. T-test p<0.001	
Diagnosis**  Primary arthritis (%)  Deformity (%)  Necrosis of the cond. (%)  Post-traumatic &  Sequelae of fracture (%)  Other (%)	82.6% 6.8% 4.6% 4.6%	82.3% 8.6% 6.1% 1.9% 1.1%	Signif. Chi-square test p<0.001	
Mobility of the insert fixed(%) mobile (%)	334 (93.8%) 22 (6.2%)	4,176 (80.1%) 1,039 (19.9%)	Signif. Fisher test p<0.001	
Insert material Standard poly(%) Crosslinked poly(%) Cross.antiox. poly (%)	98.3 1.7 -	96.2 2.8 1.0	NS. Chi-square test p=0.09	
Femur material  crco(%)  ceramicised zirconium (oxinium) (%)  ceramicised cr-co(%)	75.3% 24.7% -	73.1% 26.6% 0.4%	NS. Chi-square test p=0.50	
Prosthesis fixation  Cemented(%)	98.3% 1.4%	97.6% 2.2%	NS. Chi-square test	

Cementless(%)

Hybrid (%)

1.4%

0.3%

2.2%

0.2%

16.0 = q

# **RESULTS**

#### **FAILURES**:

- 13 LATERAL (3.7%) AT 6.3 YEARS MEAN FU
- 495 MEDIAL (9.5%) AT 6.7 YEARS MEAN FU



% survival (Confidence interval 95%)							
1Yr	3Yrs	5Yrs	7Yrs	10Yrs	13Yrs		
98.8	98.1	97.6	96.4	95.2	92.7		
(96.8-99.5)	(95.8-99.1)	(95.0-98.9)	(93.1-98.2)	(90.6-97.7)	(86.2-96.2)		
313	238	179	135	75	41		
97.9	94.5	92.7	90.8	87.5	84.8		
(97.5-98.3)	(93.8-95.1)	(91.9-93.5)	(89.8-91.7)	(86.3-88.7)	(83.2-86.2)		
4,647	3,616	2,923	2,275	1,371	676		
	98.8 (96.8-99.5) 313 97.9 (97.5-98.3)	1Yr     3Yrs       98.8     98.1       (96.8-99.5)     (95.8-99.1)       313     238       97.9     94.5       (97.5-98.3)     (93.8-95.1)	1Yr         3Yrs         5Yrs           98.8         98.1         97.6           (96.8-99.5)         (95.8-99.1)         (95.0-98.9)           313         238         179           97.9         94.5         92.7           (97.5-98.3)         (93.8-95.1)         (91.9-93.5)	1Yr         3Yrs         5Yrs         7Yrs           98.8         98.1         97.6         96.4           (96.8-99.5)         (95.8-99.1)         (95.0-98.9)         (93.1-98.2)           313         238         179         135           97.9         94.5         92.7         90.8           (97.5-98.3)         (93.8-95.1)         (91.9-93.5)         (89.8-91.7)	1Yr         3Yrs         5Yrs         7Yrs         10Yrs           98.8         98.1         97.6         96.4         95.2           (96.8-99.5)         (95.8-99.1)         (95.0-98.9)         (93.1-98.2)         (90.6-97.7)           313         238         179         135         75           97.9         94.5         92.7         90.8         87.5           (97.5-98.3)         (93.8-95.1)         (91.9-93.5)         (89.8-91.7)         (86.3-88.7)		

# MEDIAL UKAS HAD A HIGHER RISK OF FAILURE HR 2.6

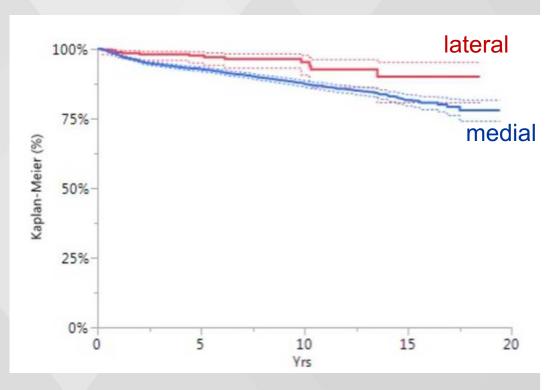


# **RESULTS**

#### **SURVIVAL RATE AT 10Y:**

- 95.2% LATERAL UKAs
- 87.5% MEDIAL UKAs





# LATERAL IMPLANTS HAD BETTER SURVIVAL RATE



# **RESULTS**

# MAIN CAUSES OF REVISION:

- ASEPTIC LOOSENING
- PAIN WITHOUT LOOSENING
- SEPTIC LOOSENING

		LATERAL			MEDIAL	
Cause of revision	Rate	Percen -age	% distribut. of failure causes	Rate	Percen- tage	% distribut. of failure causes
Total aseptic loosening	<b>3</b> /356	0.8	23.1	<b>188</b> /5,215	3.6	38.0
Pain without loosening	<b>3</b> /356	0.8	23.1	<b>112</b> /5,215	2.1	22.6
Tibial aseptic loosening	-	-	-	<b>72</b> /5,215	1.4	14.5
Septic loosening	-	-	-	<b>32</b> /5,215	0.6	6.5
Femoral aseptic loosening	-	-		<b>16</b> /5,215	0.3	3.2
Dislocation	-	-	-	<b>12</b> /5,215	0.2	2.4
Insert wear	-	-	<b>-</b>	<b>12</b> /5,215	0.2	2.4
Breakage of prosthesis	1/356	0.3	7.7	<b>10</b> /5,215	0.2	2.0
Periprosthetic bone fracture	<b>2</b> /356	0.6	15.4	<b>4</b> /5,215	0.1	0.8
Instability	-	-	_	<b>2</b> /5,215	0.0	0.4
Other	-	-	-	<b>8</b> /5,215	0.2	1.6
Unknown	<b>4</b> /356	1.1	30.8	<b>27</b> /5,215	0.5	5.5
Total	13/356	3.7	100.0	495/5,215	9.5	100.0

# DISCUSSION

#### **CONFLICTING RESULTS ON THE TOPIC:**

 HIGHER SURVIVORSHIP AT A LONG TERM (MEAN FU 17Y) FOR LATERAL IMPLANTS

Deroche et al 2019 J Arthrop

- NO DIFFERENCE AMONG MEDIAL AND LATERAL UKAS

Han et al. 2020 PLoS One

- NO DIFFERENCE IN SURVIVORSHIP AND REVISION RATES AMONG MEDIAL AND LATERAL UKAs, BUT LOWER OVERALL SURVIVORSHIP IN REGISTRY STUDIES



# DISCUSSION

### **SURGICAL TECHNIQUE**

- MINIMAL TIBIAL CUT AND INTERNALLY ROTATED SAGITTAL CUT, TO AVOID IMPINGEMENT BETWEEN FEMORAL COMPONENT AND TIBIAL SPINE IN EXTENSION
- NEUTRAL TIBIAL SLOPE

 FEMORAL COMPONENT PLACED AS LATERAL AS POSSIBLE, TO AVOID FLEXION-EXTENSION IMPINGEMENT

# CONCLUSIONS

# LATERAL UKA IS A SAFE PROCEDURE

SURVIVAL RATE IS HIGHER THAN MEDIAL UKAS

THE BEST CHOICE FOR ISOLATED LATERAL KNEE OA AND INTACT LIGAMENTS



# REFERENCES

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