

CINELIN REPORT

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Which is Better for Anterior Cruciate Ligament Supplementary Fixation: Suture Anchor or Staple? A Biomechanical Study

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Disclosures: Nil



Introduction

- Staples are used in supplementary tibia fixation for anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction
- However, suture anchors are increasingly being used with the following advantages:
 - Low profile
 - Less risk of soft tissue irritation
 - Less implant prominence
- Our study aims to assess the fixation strength and cyclic stiffness of the two modalities.





Methods

- Porcine tendon grafts implanted in square box Sawbones (*Malmoe, Sweden*) bone block
- 2 fixation systems by Arthrex (Naples, FL):
 - Spiked Ligament Staples (11 x 20mm)
 PEEK Swivelock Anchor (4.75 x 19.1mm)
- 8 assemblies performed: 4 per modality





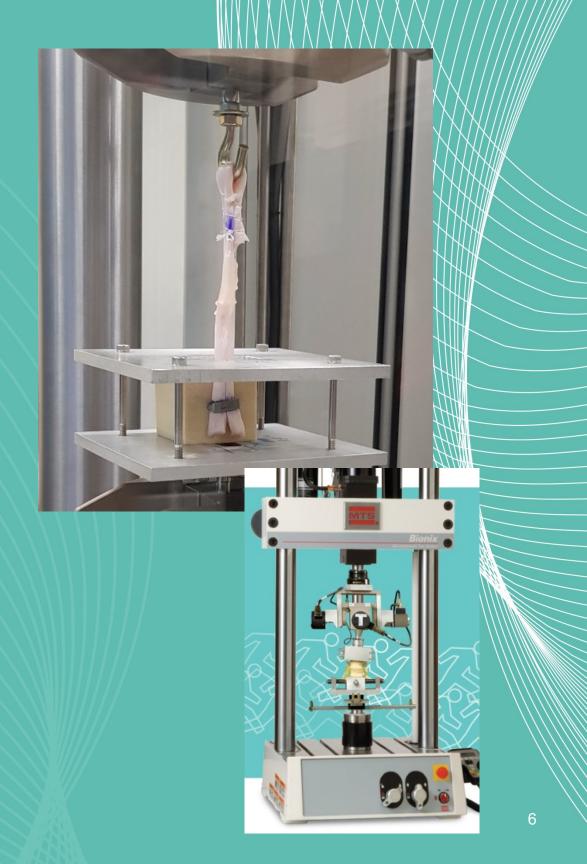


Methods

 Proximal end of the graft was sutured to itself to form a loop using high-resistance sutures FiberWire #2 (Arthrex)

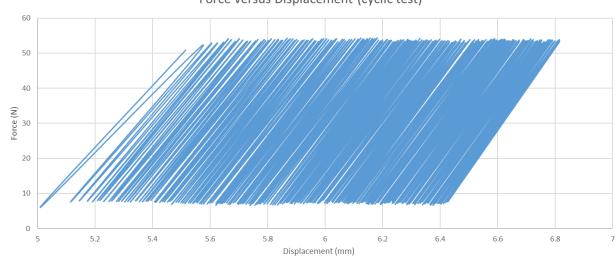
- This was passed around the hook of the traction machine (*MTS Bionix Model* 370.02)
- The distal end was secured to the bone block which was held at the machine base with a clamp

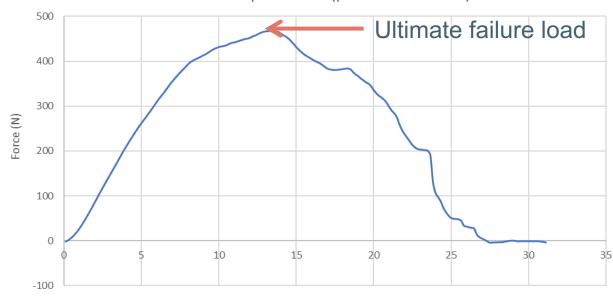




Methods

Graft axial traction protocol: • Pre-conditioning (10 cycles) - 10N to 50N over 250 cycles (1Hz) - Pull to failure (rate of 20mm/minute) Study parameters: • Pull-out strength (ultimate failure load; N) Mean cyclic stiffness (N/mm) Pull-out stiffness (N/mm)





Displacement (mm)

Graphs for Staple (#2)



Force versus Displacement (cyclic test)



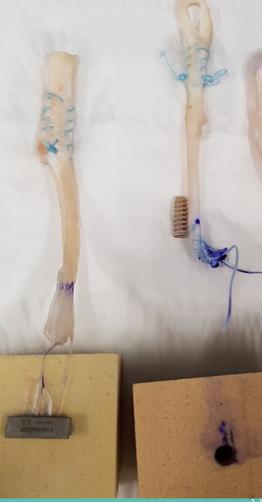
Force versus Displacement (pull-to-failure test)

Results

- Mean pull-out strength:
 - Staple was 459.92 +/- 7.87N (range: 451.24 to 458.01N)
 - Suture anchor, 154.93 +/- 26.19N (range: 130.34 to 179.25N)
 - Staple had a significantly higher pull-out strength (p = 0.02)
- Mean cyclic stiffness:
 - Staple was 124.71 +/- 25.44N/mm (range 103.61 to 160.18N/mm)
 - Suture anchor, 95.15 +/- 12.69N/mm (range 76.76 to 104.69N/mm)
 - Staple had a significantly higher mean cyclic stiffness (p = 0.04)
- Mean pull-out stiffness:
 - Staple was 70.34 +/- 11.3N/mm (range 59.95 to 81.48N/mm)
 - Suture anchor, 22.12 +/- 2.42N/mm (range 19.12 to 24.62N/mm)
 - Staple had a significantly higher mean pull-out stiffness (p = 0.02)







Results

Staple (Pull Out Strength)	Anchor (Pull Out Staple (Cyclic Stiffness Strength)	s) Anchor (Cyclic Stiffness)	Staple (Pull Out Ar Stiffness)	nchor (Pull Out Stiffness)
	Pull Out Strength (N)	Staple (n=4) 459.92		p-value 0.02
	Cyclic Stiffness (N/mm)	124.71	95.15	0.04
	Pull Out Stiffness (N/mm)	70.34	22.12	0.02





- Staple (Pull Out Strength)
- Anchor (Pull Out Strength)
- Staple (Cyclic Stiffness)
- Anchor (Cyclic Stiffness)
- Staple (Pull Out Stiffness)
- Anchor (Pull Out Stiffness)

Conclusion

- Staple showed significantly better pull-out strength, mean cyclic stiffness and pull-out stiffness than the suture anchor.
- Suture anchor is a supplementary fixation, but low-profile advantage comes at the price of a reduced fixation strength and stiffness.





References

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