Puncture Capsulotomy for Hip Arthroscopy A Report of Two-Year Functional Outcomes

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I (and/or my co-authors) have nothing to disclose directly related to this talk.

I have no conflicts





Introduction

- Femoroacetabular impingement (FAI)
 - Hip arthroscopy now standard treatment compared to open procedures
 - Faster post-operative recovery
 - Fewer complications
 - Reduced morbidity with similar efficacy
- Arthroscopic techniques developed
 - Enhance surgical field visualization.
 - Minimize iatrogenic hip instability
 - Optimize patient outcomes
- Interportal, T-capsulotomy
 - latrogenic capsuloligamentous instability
 - Transection of the iliofemoral capsule ligament
 - Implicated in
 - Dislocation
 - Postoperative pain
 - Micro-instability
 - Heterotopic ossification
 - Seroma formation
- Need for a surgical approach to avoid iatrogenic injury to the hip capsule
 - While demonstrating improved functional outcomes



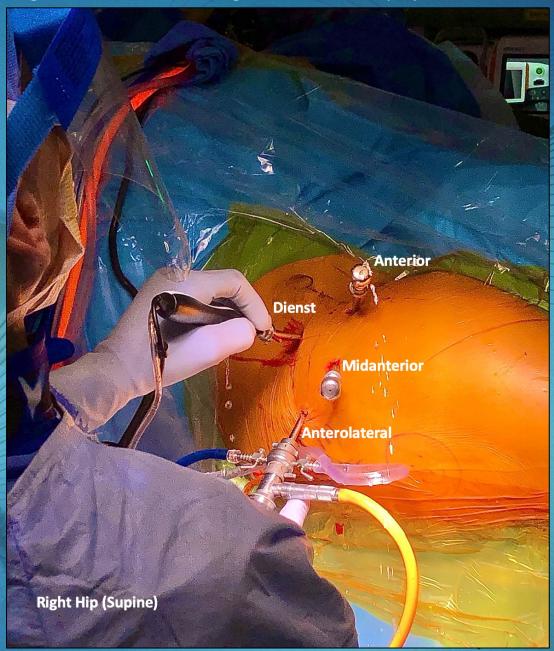
Introduction

- Puncture Capsulotomy
 - Multiple, small portals
 - Extended capsulotomy not necessary
 - Iliofemoral ligament preserved
 - Theoretical Advantages:
 - Preservation of native hip biomechanics
 - Elimination of anterior dislocation risk
 - Minimal disruption of soft tissues
 - decreased risk of heterotopic ossification
 - No postoperative range-of-motion restrictions

Purpose:

• Evaluate mid-term functional outcomes associated puncture capsulotomy in the treatment of labral tears

Figure 1. Quadrilateral arrangement of arthroscopic portals



Methods

- Hip arthroscopy via puncture capsulotomy
 - Single surgeon (SDM)
 - December 2013 May 2019
- Inclusion:
 - Age ≥ 18 years
 - Completed minimum two years of patient-reported outcome measure (PROM) surveys
- Baseline demographics
- Preoperative imaging (XR/MRI)
- Intraoperative evaluation
- Same strict postoperative rehabilitation protocol
- Outcomes:
 - PROMs
 - mHHS, HOS-ADL, HOS-Sport, iHOT-33 and VAS
 - Clinically Meaningful Outcomes
 - MCID, PASS, SCB

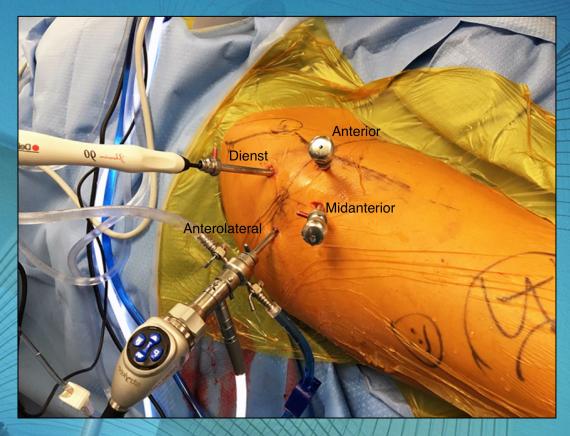


Methods

Surgical Technique

- Anterolateral Portal:
 - 1cm anterior to the greater trochanter
 - approximately 15-20° cephalad, parallel to the floor
- Anterior Portal:
 - Intersection of
 - vertical line drawn from anterior superior iliac spine
 - horizontal line drawn at level of anterolateral portal
- Midanterior Portal:
 - Equal distance
 - from anterior & anterolateral portals distally
- Dienst Portal:
 - One-third the distance between
 - anterior superior iliac spine and anterolateral portal

Figure 2. Quadrilateral arrangement of arthroscopic portals





Results

- Total hips: 163
 - 84 (51.5%) female
 - 79 (48.5%) male
 - Mean BMI
 - 25.9 (95% CI: 25.2-26.5) kg/m²
- Tönnis Grade 1 or worse
 - 69.3%
- Median Outerbridge Grade
 - 3

Baseline Demographics						
	N=163					
Males	79	48.5%				
Females	84	51.5%				
Age [years] (Mean (95% CI))	37.9 (36.1-39.6)					
BMI [kg/m ²] (Mean (95% CI))	25.9 (25.2-26.5)					
Laterality						
Right	81	49.7%				
Left	82	50.3%				
Tönnis Grade (Median)	1					
Grade 0	50	30.7%				
Grade 1	95	58.3%				
Grade 2	18	11.0%				
Grade 3	0	0.0%				
Tönnis Angle (Mean (95% CI))	6.3 (5.4-7.3)					
Center Edge Angle (Mean (95% CI))	36.4 (35.4-37.5)					
Labral Repair	150	92.0%				
Labral Debridement	13	8.0%				
Outerbridge Grade (Median)	3					
Grade 0	2	1.2%				
Grade I	11	6.8%				
Grade II	47	28.8%				
Grade III	79	48.5%				
Grade IV	24	14.7%				
Femoroacetabular Impingement Treatment						
None	17	10.4%				
Acetabuloplasty	82	50.3%				
Femoroplasty	11	6.7%				
Femoroacetabuloplasty	53	32.5%				



Results

- Average final follow-up (FFU):
 - 30.4 (95% CI: 28.5-32.3) months
- Significant increases in functional outcomes across all PROMs
 - Enrollment to FFU
- Clinically meaningful outcomes
 - iHOT-33; enrollment to 2 years
 - MCID
 - 132 (81.0%) hips
 - PASS
 - 101 (62.0%) hips
 - SCB
 - 96 (58.9%) hips

Table 2. Prospectively collected PROMs

*Statistically significant (α = 0.05), reference: Enrollment Abbreviations: modified Harris Hip Score (mHHS), Hip Outcome Score-Activities of Daily Living (HOS-ADL), Hip Outcome Score-Sports Specific Subscale (HOS-Sport), International Hip Outcome Tool (iHOT-33), Visual Analog Scale (VAS)

PROSPECTIVELY COLLECTED PROMS							
		n	Mean	959	% CI	P Value	
mHHS	Enrollment	162	60.1	57.9	62.4	-	
	3-months	129	75.7	73.5	77.8	<0.001*	
	6-months	134	80.6	78.6	82.6	<0.001*	
	12-months	145	84.9	82.9	86.9	<0.001*	
	FFU	160	84.9	82.5	87.2	<0.001*	
	Enrollment	162	70.0	67.0	73.0	-	
	3-months	128	79.9	77.8	82.0	<0.001*	
HOS-ADL	6-months	134	86.0	84.0	87.9	<0.001*	
	12-months	145	88.9	87.0	90.8	<0.001*	
	FFU	160	89.3	87.3	91.3	<0.001*	
HOS-Sport	Enrollment	162	41.8	37.9	45.6	-	
	3-months	126	41.8	37.1	46.4	0.410	
	6-months	133	63.2	58.8	67.5	<0.001*	
	12-months	143	72.0	67.9	76.1	<0.001*	
	FFU	160	75.7	71.7	79.7	<0.001*	
іНОТ-33	Enrollment	160	39.6	36.8	42.4	-	
	3-months	130	60.5	57.7	63.3	<0.001*	
	6-months	132	69.4	66.4	72.4	<0.001*	
	12-months	144	74.4	71.1	77.7	<0.001*	
	FFU	158	76.1	72.7	79.6	<0.001*	
VAS	Enrollment	159	6.3	5.9	6.7	-	
	3-months	129	2.8	2.5	3.1	<0.001*	
	6-months	131	2.4	2.1	2.8	<0.001*	
	12-months	143	2.4	2.0	2.8	<0.001*	
	FFU	157	2.2	1.8	2.6	<0.001*	

Results

- Complications
 - None
 - 144 (88.3%) patients
 - Heterotopic ossification
 - 11 (6.7%) patients
- No incidences
 - Infection
 - Avascular necrosis of the femoral head
 - Dislocation/instability
 - Femoral neck fracture

Table 3. Incidences of Complications Following Hip Arthroscopy via Puncture Capsulotomy

Complications	n	%
None	144	88.3%
Heterotopic Ossification	11	6.7%
Deep Venous Thrombosis	3	1.8%
Transient Neuropraxia (Peroneal)	2	1.2%
Trochanteric Bursitis	1	0.6%
Total Hip Arthroplasty	2	1.2%
Infection	0	0.0%
Avascular Necrosis of the Femoral Head	0	0.0%
Dislocation/Instability	0	0.0%
Femoral Neck Fracture	0	0.0%



Discussion & Conclusion

- Puncture capsulotomy for hip arthroscopy
 - Demonstrated significantly improved functional outcomes
 - · minimum two-years follow-up
- VAS pain scores significantly improved
 - throughout the postoperative period
- Favorable outcomes
 - exceeded MCID, PASS and SCB thresholds
 - · in majority of patients
- Addresses clinical demand for an alternative arthroscopic approach
 - Maintains capsuloligamentous integrity
 - Provides appropriate osseous visualization
 - Generates excellent functional outcomes



Limitations

- No comparison arm
 - comparative efficacy to other techniques was not directly assessed
- Puncture capsulotomy has not been biomechanically tested
 - needed to confirm its biomechanical advantage
- May be more challenging than other techniques
 - especially for addressing femoral lesions
 - learning curve
- Patients undergoing hip arthroscopy by the senior surgeon (SDM)
 - understood a novel technique & theoretical benefits
 - Susceptible to bias
- Long-term evaluation of outcomes warranted
 - to completely encompass benefits of puncture capsulotomy



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Thank You



